Prov. Library 1 1 25

PROVINCIAL LIBRARY 1924 EDMONTON

REDCLIFF REVIEW

OUR SLOGAN: An Industrial Metropolis of Industrious People Who Pull Together.

Volume 13. THE REDCLIFF REVIEW, THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1924. Number 27.

Swimming Pool Officially Opened Last Thursday

GOOD CROWD IN ATTENDANCE AT BOTH POOL AND DANCE—ALL WELL PLEASED WITH SUCCESSFUL COMPLETION OF POOL.

Redcliff people, young and old, turned out in goodly numbers to the official opening of the new swimming pool last Thursday evening, and, judging from the expressions heard on all sides, there is no doubt as to the feelings of the people in connection with this pool.

When the crowd had assembled C. T. Hall, chairman of the swimming pool committee, officially opened the pool after an appropriate speech for the occasion, by throwing a collection of balloons onto the water. In his remarks, Mr. Hall stated that the pool was a monument to what can be accomplished when the real community spirit prevailed. When the pool was first suggested there were those who said: "It can't be done." It has been done, said Mr. Hall, and now the pool is yours. Use it and protect as yours and see the those who patronize it conduct themselves as ladies and gentlemen. The speaker said that rules and regulations had been adopted by the association and that those disregarding them would be deprived of the use of the pool. On behalf of the committee Mr. Hall thanked the people of Redcliff for the whole-hearted support they had given in this movement both in cash donations and volunteer labor and said that it was only because of this support that the pool was made possible.

An interesting program of aquatic sports was then put on, at the conclusion of which a dance was held in the Empress theatre. This also was well attended and proved one of the most enjoyable dances of the season. For the dance Mr. Malholt, manager of the Empress theatre gave the theatre free and Jimmy Horne's Orchestra supplied the music free. For these liberal donations the members of the committee wish to express their thanks.

On the whole the opening of the pool was a great success. The proceeds from both events amounted to about $85.00. The following is a list of the prize winners in the aquatic program.

Boys' swimming race — Langley Stone, Tom Rutherford.

Pillow Fight—Joe Podesta, Walter Rutherford.

Men's Swimming race—A. Rutherford, Jim Woodford.

Tub Race—K. McKay.

Back Stroke Swim—J. Woodford, Jim Podesta.

Deep Diving—Jim Podesta, Joe Podesta, J. Woodford.

Ladies' Swimming Race—Helen Mitchell, Mary Gray.

Children's Race—F. Bodner, E. Podesta, J. McDermott.

Children's Diving—A. Bezzler, E. Podesta.

Scramble for Pennies—G. McKaffer.

Greasy Pole Walking—A. Rutherford, Joe Podesta, W. Rutherford.

Sons of Canada to Meet in Medicine Hat

The Native Sons of Canada have instituted an assembly in Medicine Hat with a membership of 366, and still more members are being initiated at every meeting. Membership in this organization is open to all men born in Canada.

A meeting will be held in Medicine Hat on Sunday next, July 6th, when it is expected that a large number will join. An invitation is extended to Redcliff to associate themselves with this assembly on this occasion. The meeting is called for 2:30 o'clock in the Moose hall.

Much Damage Done By Ohio Tornado

A bad tornado passed over the state of Ohio last Saturday. It is estimated that upwards of 100 lives were lost and property damaged to the extent of over $50,000,000.

The greatest loss of life was at Lorain, where 59 dead and 118 injured and a score of these seriously hurt. The property loss there was upwards of $20,000,000. Upwards of a hundred city blocks were demolished.

At Sandusky it was found that only six persons were killed, although a hundred were injured and property valued at $21,000,000 was destroyed.

There were seven fatalities in Cleveland, although the property damage was small.

JAMES RAE RETIRES AS POLICE MAGISTRATE

James Rae, who has been police magistrate in Medicine Hat since 1915 retired last week. Before leaving the city hall the police staff presented him with a gold mounted fountain pen and pencil. The new magistrate Rev. W. H. Ellis, took over the duties on Wednesday.

An advertisement in the Review will reach the people you want.

Successful Pupils In Public School

The following is the list of promotions in the lower grades of the public school here:

From A Class to Grade I.

Audrey Crowe, Neal Gray, Elinor Learmonth, Robert Minnick, Flora Brucker, Albert Lien, Leonard Kallis, Elinor Hendgron, Helen Garnet, Irene Zeigler, Agnes Colthrp, Hilda Wells, Gerald Hall, Jane Morrison, Ethel Minnick.

From Grade I. to GradeII.

Alfred Locus, Mary Broughton; Willie Pearson, Albert Podesta, Bobbie Lennox; Blodwin Evans, Eli Shaw, Eric Congram, Eddie Bezzler, Harold Washburn, Margaret Stratton, Charlie Hall.

Danny Winchel, George Kitchen, Dorothy Keats, Marion McAfee, Mary K. Ahlenbach.

Anabel Belisle, Sam Fulton, Grace Maskell, Josephine Zeigler, Blanche Pitzgerry, Gordon Welch, Mamie Hostland, Myrtle Skidmore, Howard Shafford, Donald Wallace, Eddie Champ, Mc. McIntyre, Edith Moses, Albert Johnson, Eddie Keats.

From Grade II. to Grade III.

Karen Petersen, Ted Maskell, Margaret Johnson, Esther Eiterman, James Brown, John Soukup, Edythe Collard, James Skidmore, Eva Winchel, Jemima Fulton, Stella McCleary, Pearl Moore, Anna Kerr, Anna Shaw, Chester Minnick, Mary Soukup, Bobbie Buckholz, Ellen Kallis, Arthur Washburn, Louie Smith, Jean Skidmore, Charlie Miller, Vivian Scott, James Fulton, Donald Duffield Myron Wowk.

From Grade III. to Grade IV.

Effie Vernon, Ira Zeigler, Tena Kallis, Margaret Rutherford, Alfred Nicholson, Claude Hawthorne, Vera Goodine, Mary Goodine, John Skidmore, Doris Bainbridge, Clement Johnson, Annie Todd, Stanley Glean, Robert Stratton, Robert Thacker, Frank Osborne, Annie Brassie Archie Todd, Eugene McAfee, Willie Tonks, Alvin Wilke, Warren Shafford John Gray, Esther Hendgron, Edith Moses, Kerwood Henderson, Recommended to repeat Grade III.—Eva MacIntyre, Erwin Minnick.

From Grade IV. to Grade V.

Irene Buchholz, Florence Devitt, Everett Rose, Marjorie Kallis, Jane McDermott, Hazel Ross, Jane Waters Rose Fitzhenry, Clifford Bergeron Marion Henderson, Catherine Wallace Alex. Vernon, Dan Jensen, Ernest Podesta, Eileen Scott, Erwin Miller, Reuben Schmidt, Elmer Keats, Albert Bezzler, Raymond Johnson, Frank Bodner, Alex Durland (on trial), Alex Todd, Evelyn Jones. Recommended repeat Grade IV.—Joe Wells.

From Grade V. to Grade VI.

First Class honors, 75 percent to 100 percent.—Mary Maskell, Jennie Pearson, Francis Buchholz, Dorothy Orpha Bezzler, Evelyn Cook, Eldon Locke, Dorothy Ferguson, Charles McAfee, Herber Long, Ruth Shipman, Edna Wowk, Glen Gray, Lorne Locke William Selthorn.

Second Class honors, 65 percent to 75 percent.—Phyllis Sanderson, Geo Oakland, Donald Ross, Martha Balmer Evelyn Hicks, Erwin Schmidt, Naomi Minnick.

Pass—Dorothy Kitchen Muriel Colby, Jean McFarlane, Ruth Harris, Mary Tonks, Pringle Henderson, Mary Kellett, Wyman Botsford, Isabelle McFarlane, Sam McCleary, Kate Waters. Recommended, Lee Belisle.

Ralph Connor Picture At Empress Theatre

Some of the biggest and most dramatic scenes in "Glengarry School Days" —Ralp Connor's story produced by Ernest Shipman, which comes to the Empress theatre on Friday and Saturday, were taken in Canada's beautiful new Parliamen Buildings in Ottawa.

This is the first time in the country's history that scenes for a motion picture were ttaken there and it will be interesting to those who have not seen the interior of the new Houses of Parliament to see it in "Glengarry School Days."

The cast appearing in this latest Ernest Shipman production is an excellent one, headed as it is by Pauline Garon, the Montreal girl who has risen to stardom within the past year.

James Harrison, who has played leads or Constance Talmadge; Wallace Ray of "Over the Hill" fame; Alice May who has been seen in prominent roles in several Fox productions; Harlan Knight who was the Rev. Murray in "The Man from Glengarry"; William Colvin who was also seen in "The Man from Glengarry" and the wonderful boy actor Russell Hewitt and many other well-known players. Geo. Bamforth.

"Glengarry School Days" promises to be one of the outstanding hist of the present season.

Fatal Accident at Sanctuary Oil Well

C. D. Brown, field man for P. Chester Thompson, at the Sanctuary oil well, on Bad Water Lake, near Packowki, was instantly killed last Friday through a gas explosion of some nature at the well. Just what really happened is a question for experts to decide but as a result the derrick toppled over and Mr. Brown was struck by flying debris and instantly killed. None of the other members of the crew were injured.

FOOTBALL SCHEDULE FOR THE BALANCE OF SEASON

The following is the soccer schedule for the balance of this season in the Senior League, Five Roses Cup, Intermediate League and Intermediate Cup, as drawn up by the Medicine Hat-Redcliff Football Association:

July 2	Wednesday	Washers	vs.	Moose	Int. Cup
July 3	Thursday	Redcliff	vs.	Indians	League
July 5	Saturday	Callies	vs.	Vets	Five Roses Cup
July 6	Tuesday	S. O. E.	vs.	Callie Int.	Int. Cup
July 9	Wednesday	Redcliff	vs.	Vets	League
July 11	Friday	Callies	vs.	Indians	Five Roses Cup
July 17	Thursday	In lians	vs.	Redcliff	Five Roses Cup
July 21	Monday	Callie Int.	vs.	Moose	Int. Cup
July 23	Wednesday	Vets	vs.	Indians	League
July 26	Saturday	Callies	vs.	Vets	League
July 29	Tuesday	Washers	vs.	S. O. E.	Int. League
July 30	Wednesday	Redcliff	vs.	Callies	Five Roses Cup
Aug. 1	Friday	Callie Int.	vs.	Moose	Int. League
Aug. 2	Saturday	Scotland	vs.	England	International
Aug. 5	Tuesday	S. O. E.	vs.	Indians	Int. Cup
Aug. 7	Thursday	Indians	vs.	Callies	League
Aug. 11	Monday	Moose	vs.	S. O. E.	Int. Cup
Aug. 12	Tuesday	Redcliff	vs.	Indians	Five Roses Cup
Aug. 13	Wednesday	Washers	vs.	Moose	Int. League
Aug. 16	Saturday	Vets	vs.	Redcliff	Five Roses Cup
Aug. 19	Tuesday	S. O. E.	vs.	Washers	Int. League
Aug. 22	Tuesday	Callies	vs.	S. O. E.	Int. Cup
Aug. 26	Tuesday	Moose	vs.	Washers	Int. Cup

Want Nominations For School Trustees

At the School Board meeting held last Monday it was decided to hold nominations for school trustees on Monday, July 14, to fill the vacancies at present on the Board.

These nominations will be received at the town hall from 11 o'clock a.m. till 12 o'clock noon, on that day before Mr. Henderson, returning officer. Should more than the required number be nominated an election will be held on Monday, July 21st, under the usual regulations.

"Back to God's Country" At Empress Theatre

It is not considered necessary to say anything about this remarkable production. Enough to say that the story is from James Oliver Curwood's pen and the leading part is taken by Neil Shipman. Some big scenes were taken at Sawridge on the Lesser Slave Lake 300 miles north of Edmonton. Mr. Malholt, the manager of the Empress theatre, was there at the time and his description of the filming of this picture is most interesting. Much more could be said about this picture but that would spoil it for you A. W. Woodcock when you see it. You will recognize some of the scenes.

This picture will be shown in the Empress theatre, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 8 and 9.

Weekly News Bulletin

Issued by Publicity Commissioner, Government Buildings, Edmonton

Activity in Southern Alberta

Considerable activity in Southern Alberta is noticed this spring. Among the large development projects is the building of the C. P. R. branch line from Klpp to the Little Bow River, traversing the new Gleichen-Northern Irrigation project. The C. P. R. is also building a large irrigation dam at Kimball for the same purpose in that district. The Calgary gas company is spending $600,000 in the construction of a gas line from the Foremost oil field to connect with its line from the Bow Island field supplying Southern Alberta towns as well as Calgary and Lethbridge with gas. A new Indian school is being erected on the Blood Reserve near Cardston.

* * *

Alberta to Chicago by Phone

Further extension of phone connection between Alberta and distant parts of the continent has been established. Last year the opening of the new long distance line from Alberta to Manitoba took place. This year it has been possible to effect telephone connection as far east as Chicago.

* * *

Dates for First Corn Show

Dates for Alberta's first corn show have been set for November 13 and 14 at Medicine Hat. This year about 1000.00 acres of corn are being grown in Southern Alberta.

* * *

French-Canadian Visitors

A party of French-Canadian visitors have left Montreal for a tour of Western Canada over Canadian National Railway and will spend a day or two in the Edmonton district, arriving in Edmonton July 5. They will investigate particularly the St Paul de Metis district northeast of the city. The object of the tour is to see the settlement possibilities of the West.

* * *

Developing Fish Industry

A modern fish freezing plant will be installed at Lesser Slave Lake with a canacity of 150.000 lbs. of fish for the further development of the fishing industry on this lake, it is stated.

Enthusiastic War on Weeds

The greatest co-operation is being offered by municipal districts all over the province, with the provincial Department of Agriculture officials engaged in the campaign against weeds, states W. J. Stephens, Field Crops Commissioner. Never before has there been such co-operation among all concerned in this work. There is not a municipal council in the province which has refused to co-operate in the matter, and most of them have already appointed weed inspectors. Through the efforts of the government officials and councillors of municipalities, individual farmers are undertaking experiments in weed control, so that at the end of the season it will be possible to form definite conclusions as to the best methods of handling the weeds of the province.

* * *

Sale of Unclaimed Horses

The second auction sale of horses rounded up in the recent round-up covering southern ranges, will be held in Brooks, July 24. Chas. Mickie is the government representative in this sale.

* * *

Shipments of Grain

Railway companies operating in Alberta have shipped a total of 162,615,776 bushels of wheat between September 1 of last year and May 31 of this year, being the 1923-24 crop shipping season. In addition to this the railways report a total of 11,196,800 bus. of wheat in store in line elevators. This makes a total marketed of 163,812,576 bushels of wheat, but from this must be deducted about 20,000,000 bushels to allow for the quantity received from sources in Saskatchewan which are included in Alberta division of the C. P. R. and to allow also for duplication in handling of grain coming off branch lines to main transcontinental lines.

* * *

Supervisors in Weed Campaign

W. A. Anderson has been appointed field supervisor in the weed campaign for the Medicine Hat district.

To Play Football Game Here Tonight

Redcliff Senior soccers will play the Indians of Medicine at here in a league game tonight. The local club is deserving of better support from the citizens than it has been getting in the past. Although the home games have been principal as far as the club is concerned, it should be remembered that it takes money to keep a team together. Patron should encourage them when the hat is being passed around.

The line-up for tonight will be Jones, Willis, Dutton, Lakey, Waters, Clark, W. Pickering, McGinn, Cayen, Haskell, Phillips. Reserves, Kirkpatrick, Womersley, Williams. Kick-off at 8.45. Admission 25c, ladies free.

Want One Selling Agency for Pool

Resolutions supporting the formation of an interprovincial selling agency for coal mines in the three prairie provinces, and fully empowering the directors to proceed with the formation of such an agency, were passed at the first annual meeting of the shareholders of the Manitoba wheat pool in Brandon yesterday.

A bylaw providing that the president and vice-president be elected from among the board was adopted Seven members will make up the board.

Take Part in Sunday Service

At the service in Gordon Memorial Church last Sunday evening, three young people of the congregation gave short addresses. These were Alex. Strachan, Lois Pindle and Bernard Thacker. "Education" was the subject chosen by Alex. He based his remarks on 2 Timothy, 3and 15. He pointed out that since service should be the motto of every young person and since education opened the door for greater opportunities for service all young people should endeavor to get the best education possible. Lois had as her subject "The Constraining Motive." It was a plea for the cultivation of the friendship of Jesus Christ. We should love Him because He first loved us. If we were friendly toward Him wewould not be afraid to tell others of His love and our service for Him would be a pleasure. "Follow the Star" was the subject chosen by Bernard. The text was from Matthew 2, 2. "The Star which guided the Wise Men to the birthplace of Christ," he said, "was but a dim light compared with the star of Christ Himself which we should follow." Many disregard church and religion but forget to follow the star.

These young delivered their messages in a very able and impressive manner and are deserving of great praise and encouragement for the stand they are taking.

Thrilling Bear Fight in 'Glengarry School Days'

A thrilling fight between a man and a huge bear supplies incidents to be seen in "Glengarry School Days" —Ernest Shipman's "all Canadian" picturization of Ralph Connor's well-known and loved romance. The man in the case who braved the fierce opponent is a typical Scotch settler, Harlan Knight, who plays the role of "Old Peter" Gorrach—unshaven and unkempt dog-driver in the locality in which the story is laid.

Commons Refuse Federal Bank System

By a vote of 109 to 32, the House of Commons just before midnight rejected the report of the select standing committee on banking and commerce seeking the enlargement of the scope of the committee to include the investigation of the type of central or federal bank system in Canada.

MURPHY—LIGHTIZER

On Monday afternoon, Rev. Herbert Everett Gordon, B. A., united in marriage Miss Ella Murphy, of Redcliff and Madge Lightizer, who has been teaching school in the neighborhood of Brendon yesterday. The ceremony was performed at the Fifth Avenue parsonage. Mr. and Mrs. Murphy will make their home near Redcliff.

MANY NEW ARRIVALS

There will be approximately 2,500 arrivals in Canada over the week-end through the ports of Quebec, Montreal and Halifax, according to a statement given out yesterday by James Morrison, general passenger agent in charge of steamship traffic, Canadian National Railways.

LOST MONEY ON WHEAT

Farmers on the average made money on corn, cotton and potatoes last year, but lost on wheat and oats, the Department of Agriculture at Washington announced last Monday. A compilation of reports showed that that wheat cost averaged $1.34 a bus.

Box Springs Annual Picnic A Great Success

LARGE CROWD IN ATTENDANCE AND GOOD PROGRAM OF FOOT RACES, HORSES RACES AND BUCKING CONTESTS.

Old timers of the Box Springs district maintained their reputation as real picnic entertainers when they held their annual picnic and sports program on the old grounds last Tuesday. For several years now Dominion Day has been fittingly observed at Box Springs, and this year the crowd, the attractions and the good time have all been bigger and better than ever.

The old picnic grounds make an ideal spot for such an occasion and as the day was one of the hottest so far this summer, crowds from surrounding towns and districts were seen wending their way to this inviting gathering place. By noon the prairie resembled a huge open air garage and livery stable combined, and jolly picnickers were scattered promiscuously through the big grove. It is estimated that about 1200 men, women and children had assembled for the occasion.

After partaking of the midday meal the ones a good program of athletic events, horse races, bucking contests and steer riding, was put on and was thoroughly enjoyed by the crowd. The refreshment booth on the grounds was well handled and added much to the success of the day.

After the day's program in the open a dance was held in the U. F. A. hall This was not only patronized but proved an enjoyable ending to a successful day.

The committee in charge are deserving of great praise for the success of the event. They should feel amply repaid for their trouble.

The following is a list of the prize winners for the different events.

Foot Races

Boys 8 and under.—Borden Brown, Pearl Birkett.

Girls 8 and under.—Ellen Holt, Ethel Holt.

Boys 10 and under.—J. McDermott, C. Teel.

Girls 10 and under.—Claire Williamson, Helen Rose.

Boys 12 and under.—J. McDermott, R. Rose.

Girls 12 and under.—Ruby Ferns, Helen Rose.

Boys 14 and under.—J. Quinn, E. Riddell.

Ladies open.—Maggie Dacre, E. Sneath.

Boys and girls 3 legged race.—Helen Rose and Clara Williamson, F. Smith and J. Johnson.

3 legged open—H. Smith and L. Williamson, J. Quinn and E. McLean.

Quarter mile boys and girls under 15.—W. Dickson, N. Dickson.

Half mile open—W. McCleary, B. Belisle.

Boot and shoe race—R. Page, H. Lindsey.

Ladies half mile race—Effie Eneath Maggie Dacre.

Potato race—J. Daze, F. Belisle.

Boys and girls under 12 saddle race F. Belisle, F. Dixon.

Novelty race—J. Daze, R. Johnson.

Ladies quarrey mile relay race—Maggie Dacre, Mary Williamson.

Stake race—J. Daze, A. Williamson and R. Page, tie.

Relay race open—R. Page, A. Williamson.

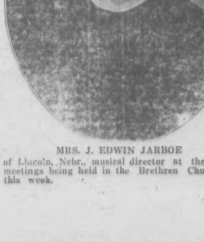
Consolation—A. Ellis Alex Burland.

Saddle Bucking—J. Burland, Joe Teeter and S. Riddell, tie.

Steer bucking—S. Riddell, J. Tester.

Don't forget the horse sale at Rex Rose's ranch on Tuesday, July 8th.

Stirring Revival is Now In Progress



MRS. J. EDWIN JARBOE of Lincoln, Nebr., musical director at the Revival meetings being held in the Brethren Church here this week.

Rev. J. Edwin Jarboe and his wife from Lincoln, Nebraska, began a Revival for he Brethren Church in this city last Sunday morning, and will continue each evening but until the 13th of this month.

Evangel's Jarboe and his wife are among the leading evangelists of the States. His messages ring true and are presented in an interesting way. He has for his motto: "God Means What He Says," and "Says" What He Means." If you hear Mr. Jarboe once, you will want to hear him again. Start tonight.

Mrs. Jarboe is a fine leader of congregational singing, and has charge of all the music. Come and oin in the big song services each evening.

Services are being held in the old Baptist Church on Fourth St., beginning at 8 p.m., each evening.

Let Us Understand One Another

The need for a better understanding and a closer union between the East and West of Canada is a common topic of conversation when citizens from the two sections meet. It is the subject of innumerable newspaper and magazine articles; it is a favorite theme with speakers before Canadian Clubs and other bodies. The views expressed are invariably approved and applauded by those to whom they are addressed. It may be assumed, therefore, that it is the desire of the average Canadian that this better understanding should be reached, and a more truly national spirit and sentiment developed throughout the Dominion.

But before the people of Canada can begin to think nationally, they must first cease to think in terms of their own particular little community, and of their own selfish interests. Even more must people realize that, because some certain policy or undertaking will directly advance their interests, it does not follow that the adoption of such policy would be in the interests of Canada as a whole. And, on the other hand, people must realize because they, or their particular community, do not stand to derive direct benefits from some policy or undertaking, that is no reason why they should oppose policies which will admittedly greatly assist other portions of Canada and add to the national development and progress.

That is to say that the much-to-be-desired better understanding between the East and West of Canada cannot be realized simply by stressing its need and importance. It can, and will, only be brought about when a less narrow view is entertained by the majority of Canadians; when a broader national viewpoint and vision is accepted; when a spirit of compromise is recognized and acted upon.

The loudest preachers of national unity are to be found in Toronto, and by the same token the narrowest conceptions of how that national unity is to be promoted are entertained in the same city. Thus a Toronto weekly publication with a Dominion-wide circulation devoted a whole page of a recent issue to an illustrated article in opposition to the completion of the Hudson's Bay Railway as an outlet for Western products. But this same paper is a strong advocate of the deepening of the St. Lawrence in order to admit ocean-going vessels to the Great Lakes.

This Toronto paper also argues for the placing of a practically prohibitive duty on out-of-season fruits and vegetables from the United States, and in favor of the development of trade in tropical and semi-tropical fruits with the British West Indies. Even assuming that such a policy would work no hardship on the people of Eastern Canada, what about the West? Is the West to be denied such fruits and vegetables altogether, or are our people to be made to pay the cost of haulage from the Atlantic seaboard in refrigerator cars? Can this paper not broaden its vision to encompass the whole Dominion, and realize that what might prove all right for the East does not necessarily apply to other parts of Canada?

A third example of narrowness of vision is revealed by this Toronto paper when it charges that it is the declared intention of Messrs. Crerar, Forke, Reey and other members of the Progressive group "to make war on Industrial Canada." These gentlemen believe the best interests of Canada as a whole demand a lowering of tariff duties on the basic implements and needs of production, but that does not mean they are engaged in the task of destroying the manufacturing industries of the Dominion. Any such charge is both dishonest and untrue, and the making of such allegations is not calculated to bring about that better understanding and national unity which the Toronto journal desires.

It would be just as reasonable to charge that, because it is the declared intention of Eastern manufacturers to fight for the retention of every bit of tariff protection they now enjoy, and to secure as much more as they can, they are animated by a desire to destroy the industry of agriculture in this country.

Neither the East nor the West are alone to blame for this lack of national unity, for the narrowness of vision which is so often displayed. Responsibility for the prevailing sentiment must be borne by all. Nevertheless, we believe it is solemn truth that the people in the West are much more broad-minded and far-seeing than those our Eastern cities.

The original settlement of these Western Provinces was by men and women from the Eastern Provinces. They are still the backbone of the West notwithstanding the influx of other peoples. They know both the East and the West, whereas the average Easterner who came West has learned by actual experience, not theory, that the traditional policies accepted and favored in the East will not meet our broad Dominion-wide interests.

It is because of their larger national outlook, and their better knowledge of Canada and Canadian conditions as a whole, that the people of the West are determined to bring about needed changes and reforms. It is not through no enmity to the East, but because of a love for, and a desire to advance the general interests of the Dominion of Canada from coast to coast.

Ocean Telephone Line Ready In November

Will Mark Beginning of Service Between New York and London

Some time in November a New York business man will lift the receiver off his telephone and speaking into the mouthpiece will exclaim; "Hello!" At the same instant a London business man will speak into a telephone in the British capital, inquiring, "Are you there?"

This, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company announced would mark the beginning of regular telephone service between New York and London. And, what works between these two cities can operate just as successful, in time, between New York and Paris, Venice, Constantinople and Rio de Janeiro.

A dispatch from London announced that Great Britain, through its postal department, intended to establish a 200-kilowat radio telephone plant at Rugby. It will be similar to that used for the last eighteen months by the American Telephone Company, New York, and the Radio Corporation of America.

Courteous

"You have heard what the last witness said," persisted counsel, "and yet your evidence is to the contrary. Am I to infer that you wish to throw doubt on her veracity?"

The polite young man waived a deprecating hand. "Not at all," he replied. "I merely wish to make it clear what a liar I am if she is speaking the truth."

Apple Recipes

Government Bulletin Shows How to Prepare Apples In Various Ways

The charge is sometimes made that the Canadian people do not fully appreciate the excellence of their own fruit. In competition with other countries in the markets of the world, the Canadian apple stands high. Indeed, the Canadian exhibit of fruit at the imperial exhibition recently opened in London, is attracting unusual attention and favorable comment. While it is regarded as important for the prosperity of the Canadian orchard industry that we have a good export trade, it would seem inconsistent for our people to continue to import fruit of the kinds that are available at home. Everyone, it is true, is not a lover of apples eaten out of the hand, but there are few who do not relish cooked fruits prepared and served according to the best practices. With a view to securing a greater home consumption of Canadian apples, which is understood to have a salutary effect upon the health, the department of agriculture at Ottawa has issued in Bulletin No. 35 a series of recipes for their use in various ways. The bulletin, available at the publications branch, names the apples that are specially good for cooking, for dessert. Apples are also classified according to the season in which they are best for use.

St. Paul's Cathedral, London, contains the chapel of the Order of St. Michael and St. George which is only used once a year.

CHILDREN CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

A Harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups — No Narcotics!

Mother! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years to relieve babies and children of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and, by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving natural sleep without opiates. The genuine bears signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

For Protection Of Wild Life

To Teach Manitoba Children Value of Insectivorous Birds

A plan whereby school children may be taught the value of insectivorous birds is now under consideration, according to Charles Young, of Virden, wild game guardian for Western Manitoba. The proposal is that arrangements be made whereby the wild game guardian or other qualified speaker, deliver short addresses in country schools.

Mr. Young takes the position that unless such birds are protected, it will become necessary to adopt some other methods of destroying insects. He had no doubt that children robbed the nests innocently, rather than wilfully, and would not do so if they were aware of the value of such birds to the community as a whole.

Mr. Young stated that there is no need for particular anxiety about the busy beaver and the muskrat these days, their furs are of no value at this time of the year, and this fact alone, assures them of all the protection that is desired.

He remarked on the fact that beavers are not nearly so plentiful as they used to be. There are quite a number along the Assiniboine River, but these animals are rightly protected at all times.

There are but few deer in Western Manitoba now, said Mr. Young, and this number is becoming less every year. He thought that these fine creatures should have been protected long ago, as there is now a danger of them becoming extinct in this part of the country, and that in the not far distant future.

Fish That Live For Centuries

Pike and Carp Have Reputation of Being Longest Lived

It is asserted that four golden carp recently removed from a pond in Hampton Court Park, London, are two hundred years old.

Recent researches go to show that cold-blooded creature live longer than those that are warm-blooded, and that if their lives are not terminated by accident they may in some cases be measured by centuries.

The great tortoise of the Galapagos Islands have certainly an immense length of life. They grow to enormous size, the record weight being 870lb. Since their growth is exceedingly slow, such a creature as this may possibly have lived for over five hundred years.

Among fish the pike and the carp have the reputation of being the longest lived. The historic case is that of the carp found in a pond in Swabia (an early duchy of Germany) in 1497. It had in its gills a metal ring bearing these words in Latin:

"I am the first fish that was ever put into this pond by the hand of Frederick II., Governor of the World, on the 5th day of October, A.D. 1230." If the story is true, this fish lived at least 267 years.

Goldfish have lived in captivity for more than half a century. In 1914 there were fish in the Royal Aquarium at Petrograd which were known to be 140 years old.

Utility Of Yucca Tree

Good Toilet Soap Made From Bristle-Like Spines

The yucca tree, which is indigenous to the deserts of Arizona and New Mexico, is very useful to man. It bears no leaves, but each one of its branches terminates in a knob from which springs a huge bunch of long, bristle-like spines. One of the most delightful of toilet soaps is made from the spinous bunches, which are boiled to extract saponaceous substances. This species of yucca has long been known to Indians as the "soap tree." When they want to wash themselves, or their garments, they simply take a piece of the yucca to the nearest convenient water and rub it with their hands, thus obtaining an immediate and profuse lather. The boiled bunches make a very superior cattle food.

The Oil for the Athlete.—In rubbing down, the athlete will find Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil an excellent article. It renders the muscles and sinews pliable, takes the soreness out of them and strengthens them from strains that may be put upon them. It stands pre-eminent for this purpose, and athletes who for years have been using it can testify to its value as a lubricant.

Alberta Cattle Shipments

Cattle shipments from the Calgary district in the first quarter of the present year showed a big increase over those of the corresponding period of last year, the figures being 8,422 for 1924, as against 5241 in 1923, the values being $412,644 and $230,809 respectively. California has been the principal destination, there being a shortage of cattle there owing to drought.

Minard's Liniment, the Athlete's Remedy.

The best Tobacco for the pipe

Cades CUT PLUG

Burning Money

Use of Oil of Vital Necessity in Time Of War

Petroleum may not be first in importance among the raw materials of war, but it takes high rank, and Viscount Curzon's remark that "the Allies floated to victory on a wave of oil" merely gave epigrammatic form to a self-evident fact. No modern navy can put to sea without oil and no air force can operate without it. Recognizing that, every first-class power is reaching out for its own supply of the precious fluid securely under its own control, and holding with the utmost tenacity to every oil-bearing area over which its influence has once spread.

While we still continue the world's largest producers, and sell our product to other nations that they may conserve their own supply, geologists estimate that a continuance of the present rate of production would lead to the total exhaustion of American deposits of liquid petroleum in less than a generation.—Boston Transcript.

The Druggists All Agree That "Putnam's" Is Best

The oldest corn remover on the market is Putnam's Corn Extractor, and it is the best. Your corns will all drop out after a few treatments with this painless remedy. Failure impossible. Refuse a substitute for "Putnam's," 25c everywhere.

Railways Bigger Business

The Canada up to the end of last April earned $6,000,000 more than they did for the corresponding period in 1923. This favorable result is due entirely to the fact that the people have been doing more business. Commercial activity is always translated into tons of freight to be hauled. The measure of that activity is directly reflected in the ups and downs of railway traffic, and during the past three months the tendency has been definitely upward. All authorities are agreed that such a condition means growing trade.

A REAL NERVE TONIC

Is a Bountiful Supply of Rich Health-Giving Blood

Sufferers from what medical men speak of as nervous debility find themselves tired, morose, low-spirited and unable to keep their minds on anything. Any sudden noise hurts like a blow. They are full of groundless fears and cannot sleep at night. Their hands tremble, the legs feel as if they will give away following a walk or any exertion, and the mind is greatly disturbed by the most trivial incidents.

Doctoring the nerves with poisonous sedatives is a terrible mistake. The only real nerve tonic is a good supply of rich, red blood. To secure this new, rich blood use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which have a direct action on the blood and through it stimulate every nerve and organ in the body. Mrs. Alpheus Merritt, Fenwick, Ont., gives her experience with this medicine as follows:—"I had a nervous breakdown and was in the Welland County Hospital for some time. As I was not improving my husband took me out and took me up to my mother's. I doctored there but it did not help me. Then I returned home, and again under a doctor's care, but with no better results. I would tremble and get numb all over, and the least noise would affect me. I was quite unable to do my housework, and was in a terrible condition. Finally I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and am thankful that I did so, as after taking about a dozen boxes I was again a healthy woman. I have used the pills since while nursing my baby, with equally good results, and I strongly advise other ailing women to try them."

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Pool Fruit Sales

Pooling of fruit sales under the Associated Growers, Limited, of British Columbia, will continue, and 83 per cent. of the tonnage in the Okanagan Valley actually has been signed up, according to a statement by the directors.

When Holloway's Corn Remover is applied to a corn it kills the roots and the callosity comes out without injury to the flesh.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES
Wholesome Cleansing Refreshing

Dream of Better Tokio Shattered

Too Many Obstacles In Way Of Viscount Goto's Rebuilding Scheme

The dream of Viscount Goto for the reconstruction of shattered Tokio, according to the most up-to-date and scientifically proved efficient principles of town planning, is never likely to materialize.

Viscount Goto, who is regarded as one of Japan's ablest administrators, with a long record of effective government in Formosa and Manchuria before being made mayor of Tokio a few years ago, accepted the earthquake disaster as an opportunity of carrying out the plans that he had for years been formulating for the improvement of Tokio. When he was sworn in as a member of the Yamamoto cabinet on that terrible Sunday, September 22, when the Japanese capital was still burning, it seemed as though conditions were more favorable than ever for the execution of the scheme. The magnitude of the project, however, and, more than anything else, the political barriers that had to be overcome, have interfered seriously with the plans of the Viscount and little may come of them, after all.

Tokio has grown to be one of the greatest cities of the world, but it has grown without system or direction, and at the time of the earthquake and fire it was merely a sprawling, overgrown village. The situation seemed to offer the supreme opportunity for building on the ruins of the old chaos a new capital of beauty that would vie with the new cities of the west in methodical arrangement.

The plan, which called for expenditure of over $1,500,000,000, had to be approved by the representatives of the people in Parliament assembled—and there Viscount Goto's dreams were shattered.

Spare the children from suffering from worms by using Miller's Worm Powders, a most effective vermifuge with which to combat these insidious foes of the young and helpless. It is an excellent worm destroyer, and when its qualities become known in a household no other will be used. The medicine acts by itself, requiring no purgative to assist it, and so thoroughly that nothing more is desired.

Traffic Rules For Elevators

More than 9,000,000 passengers daily. It is estimated are carried by the elevators in New York City. This number exceeds the number of riders on the street railways, subways and electric lines, it is said. In many large buildings traffic rules and schedules are observed almost as scrupulously as those of large railroads, in order that adequate service may be rendered.

An Important Material

No Substance Has Been Discovered to Replace Rubber

Rubber is a peculiar substance, nothing else being like it, and it serves purposes that no other material will serve.

It is one of the important materials that in time must meet a demand greater than can be supplied. Dr. W. C. Geer estimates that by 1923 the world's requirements of crude rubber will be between 480,000 and 500,000 tons. At present the material is employed for 30,000 varieties of articles, and the requirement in the motor industry alone amount to 300,000 tons yearly.

The world's motor cars and lorries on January 1, 1925, numbered 14,507,000. Computing five tyres to a car, the number of tyres in actual use must be about 72½ millions and the yearly replacement to keep up the supply may be conservatively taken at 43 millions.

The finding of a material to serve in the place of rubber is still a problem of the future. Synthetic rubber, which Germany has ample opportunity to develop, is pronounced by Dr. Geer a dismal failure, and substitutes —even reclaimed rubber—have been scarcely more successful.

To Make Delicious Sandwiches

A supply of Clark's Potted Meats gives you delicious sandwiches at a moment's notice. Suitable for luncheons, teas, late suppers, picnics. Give them to the kiddies between meals.

"Let the Clark Kitchens help you."

Minard's Liniment for Distemper

How To Treat Your Town

Praise it.
Improve it.
Talk about it.
Be public-spirited.
Tell about its business men.
Remember it is your home.
Take a real home pride in it.
Tell of its natural advantages.
Help the public officers do the most good.
When strangers come to town, use them well.
Support local institutions that benefit your town.
Don't call your best citizens frauds and imposters.
Look ahead of self when all the town is to be considered.—Smith's Falls Record-News.

The Best Remedy For Rheumatism

That is What Mr. B. Morneau Says of Dodd's Kidney Pills

Quebec man is very satisfied with the results received from taking Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Ste. Perpetue, Que.—(Special).—Just why Dodd's Kidney Pills are so popular in Quebec Province is shown by the statement of Mr. B. Morneau, a well-known cultivator living near here.

"It gives me great pleasure to tell you that your Dodd's Kidney Pills have done me a lot of good and I am very satisfied with them. I had suffered for three years with rheumatism. I always felt tired and had bitter tastes in my mouth in the morning."

That Mr. Morneau's trouble came from his kidneys is evidenced by the relief he got from Dodd's Kidney Pills. They are purely and simply a kidney remedy. They heal and strengthen the kidneys and put them in shape to strain all the impurities from the blood. With no uric acid in the blood there can be no rheumatism.

Sound kidneys mean pure blood. Pure blood means good health.

The Pintocrat.—"Hopkins, show the person the door."

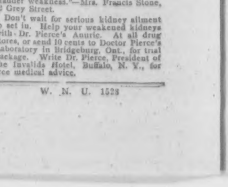
The Proprietor.—"Not necessary, old thing. I noticed it as I came in. Quite a gaudy bit of carved mahogany with its solid silver knocker."

Always Ready and Reliable.—Practically all pains arising from inflammation can be removed with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Simply rub it on the sore spot and it is quickly absorbed by the skin. Its healing power is conveyed to the inflamed tissue which is quickly soothed. This fine old remedy is also a specific for all disorder of the throat, bruises and sprains. Keep a bottle handy always.

The World Over

Remnants of the ten commandments, chiseled by Moses, are reported to have been discovered at Sinai. One need not go so far afield to find their broken counter-parts.—Hamilton Spectator.

MRS. FRANCIS STONE



Your Good Health and Long Life Depend on Your Kidneys

FOLLOW THIS ADVICE!

Brantford, Ont.—"I take the greatest of pleasure in recommending Dr. Pierce's Anuric (Kidney) Tablets to all sufferers of kidney and bladder ailments. Four years ago I first learned the value of the Anuric Tablets. I had suffered severely with backaches and my bladder was giving me considerable inconvenience, when I was advised to try Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets, obtaining almost immediate relief. Relatives have taken the Anuric (anti-uric-acid) Tablets on my advice and every one of them is enthusiastic in praising Anuric for the relief of backaches and kidney and bladder weakness."—Mrs. Francis Stone, 49 Grey Street.

Don't wait for serious kidney ailment to set in. Help your weakened kidneys with Dr. Pierce's Anuric. At all drug stores, or send 10 cents to Doctor Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeburg, Ont., for trial package. Write Dr. Pierce, President of the Invalids Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for free medical advice.

The Canadian Farmer Is Selling His Produce In Competition With The World

(By Dr. J. H. Grisdale)

Great Britain is at present the one great food purchasing country in the world. A few other countries like France, Holland and Italy, buy some comparatively small quantities of such products. This buying is, however, done more or less spasmodically. At the same time many countries export, or are in a position to export, large quantities of agricultural products which are usually human food of one kind or another. Some of the more important of these food exporting countries besides Canada are the United States, Argentine, Australia, New Zealand and India. The United States export under normal conditions corn, wheat, meat—chiefly bacon or pork—and fruits, particularly apples; Argentine exports beef and wheat; Australia sends out dairy produce and wheat; New Zealand ships lamb and dairy produce in great quantities; and India exports wheat. Many countries export eggs and a number export some special food product. Canada can and does export wheat, oats, barley, flax, butter, cheese, beef cattle, bacon, eggs and apples. In the case of only one of these articles does she hold premier place among exporting countries, namely, wheat. She is thus compelled to sell all her produce, wheat included, on a market, the only market there is, and a market open to the world, hence, against the very keenest sort of competition.

When it comes to buying food the Britisher knows no favorites or friends, he buys where he can get the articles that please him best at the lowest price. To sell on this market, therefore, Canada must put out an article equal to, if not superior to, that offered by any other country, and she must sell it at a price quite as reasonable as that asked by any other country for produce of similar quality. The fact of the matter is she must take practically any price Great Britain offers since there is no other outlet for most of her surplus food products.

This may sound rather discouraging at the moment, but here is the redeeming feature—Great Britain will pay just a little bit more for the best grade goods than she will for the average run or for the inferior grades and will buy more generously when such goods are offered. The Britisher is exceedingly keen on quality and here is where Canada has her real chance to score—produce the best and send only the best to the British market.

There is no country in the world can produce better wheat, oats, barley, store cattle, bacon hogs, cheese, butter, eggs or apples than can Canada if she will just get down to the business.

She already stands at the top in wheat, both as to quality and quantity. Her coarse grains, barley, oats and flax are also probably the best to trade the British market.

We need to get busy and improve our store cattle or beef cattle. They are not bad, but could be a lot better. Our cheese has been losing ground in recent years or at least until a year or so ago when we began to improve a bit, and it is now decidedly on the up grade.

Prices for most agricultural products are low just at present. For this reason buyers are even more than usual pickers and choosers. The best goods are the goods first chosen, they are the goods that bring the highest prices and they are the goods that establish a reputation. Commonplace goods sell slowly and establish no reputation—unless it be a bad one.

Now is the time for Canada to improve the quality of her produce, increase the output of her best grades and win the highest place and the best reputation in the British market. We have made a start, an excellent start, in the right direction—we must keep at it.

Our wheat is at the top, so are our coarse grains. We can keep them there.

Our bacon, if we sent more of it somewhat more uniform in quality, would be as high as Danish in price quotations. Our production both as to quality and quantity has made great progress in the past year. If we make relatively the same progress in the next few years we shall, I am convinced, have quite as good a reputation and be getting quite as good prices as the Danes. The progress made is due to co-operation between the farmer, the packer and the department of agriculture. The farmer, inspired by price according to quality, has produced more and better hogs, the packer has paid higher price for the good hogs and has put out a better article of bacon than he ever did before, the department of agriculture has helped the beginner, encouraged the breeding and graded the live hog as it went to market. The result has been truly wonderful in improving quality, bettering reputation and increasing demand. We should be producing at least twice as many hogs in Canada as we are doing just at present. If we keep on we shall be doing this in a very few years much to our advantage, immediate and in the future. We must go at it in the same manner, however, every man do his bit so to speak. Plunging in hog raising is fatal just as it is in anything else.

The department of agriculture, backed by the support of the best and the most progressive farmers in the country, is trying to extend the principle of selling on grade and paying according to quality to all sorts of agricultural produce. The food products now sold in that way are wheat, coarse grains, hogs, cheese, butter, eggs, apples and potatoes.

To get the best results the wholehearted co-operation of the producer, the manufacturer, the wholesaler, the retailer and the consumer all are required.

The foreign buyer responds and cooperates without persuasion or coercion. The Canadian middleman or dealer is the fellow hard to teach. It should be the aim of every farmer to see that he sells his produce on grade and to do his best to produce only the best grades. Once this much to be desired condition is brought about Canada will be getting the highest world prices for all her exportable products.

No country can do more. This country can do it if it will. She is in a fair way to attain this end if she will but persist.

Who says we are quitters—let us up and at it.

Britain's Naval Policy

New Government Will Build Fewer Ships Than Predecessors Intended

The navy shipbuilding policy of the English Government for the new fiscal year which began April 1 provides for the construction of fewer vessels than their predecessors intended to build, and drops altogether submarines, depot ships and other auxiliaries which were in the programme of the preceding ministry. As figures on the Bankers Trust Company of New York by its English information service, half as much again, as compared with last year, is to be spent upon reconstructing existing ships or making large repairs upon them. There is increased provision for shipbuilding by contract to the extent, at par of exchange, of $3,838,544.

There are now employed in the national shipyards 62,430 men, as against 57,800 in 4914. This increase is not the outcome of additional work for the fleet, but was made during the past winter for the purpose of giving employment to men out of work. During the coming year the national shipyards will reconstruct five ships of the fleet at a cost of $6,549,000, while $5,737,000 is to be spent on large repairs for 39 vessels. These items are both "substantially higher than the expenditure for corresponding purposes in the previous year.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

Habit Grew On Him

Field-Marshal Sir William Robertson, in speaking recently to a London writer of his early days in the British army—he joined up as a private when seventeen years old—confessed that his first "crime" was letting a prisoner go, his second letting a horse go, and then at Brighton, at a volunteer review, a man who was under his charge refreshed himself too freely and his horse ran away with him.

The Colonel then said to young Robertson: "I am getting sick of you; first you let a man go, then you let a horse go, now you let a man and horse go."

Radio Girdle For Britain

Shipping proceeding round any part of the British Isles will, in the near future, not have to rely solely on the many lighthouses and their own means of location finding. It is intended to place a girdle of radio direction-finding stations at the Lizard, Berwick, Flamborough and other points whereby will give steamers their exact positions.

The MURINE FOR YOUR EYES
Wholesome Cleansing Refreshing

Natural Resources Bulletin

Chemical Engineering Helps to Develop Many of Our Latent Resources

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa says:—

The development of many of the natural resources of Canada is entirely dependent upon the ability of the engineering profession. This is particularly the case with our mineral resources. Such problems as the extraction of a few ounces of gold from a ton of quartz, the sub-division of the metallic contents of the cobalt silver ores, the separation of the sulphide ores of Northern Manitoba or the utilization of the many metallic and non-metallic minerals of Saskatchewan and Alberta are in the hands of chemical and metallurgical engineers for solution.

The same condition applies to the development of agriculture. Chemical engineering has solved many of the problems of the dairy and other farm industries, finding new uses for the products, providing artificial fertilizers, overcoming detrimental chemical actions in produce, and in providing means for the more satisfactory marketing of much of the output of Canadian farms.

The development of forest industries, particularly that of pulp and paper, is largely the result of chemical engineering. From the same tree a number of different varieties of paper can be produced by chemical treatment of the wood, while such products of wood as methyl hydrate or wood alcohol, acetone, artificial silk, etc., are almost entirely chemical processes.

To that greatest of all natural resources—the human unit—all other natural resources are subsidiary, and as the human unit is developed so will the solution of many of the unsolved problems of our natural resources be overcome.

This bulletin is issued by the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa.

The Livestock Market

Heavier Receipts Are Shown For the Month of April

Up to the end of April this year the sales of cattle at the five principal markets of the country, according to Dominion livestock branch returns, totalled 224,873 against 211,085 in the corresponding four months of last year; of calves, 78,284 against 61,151; of hogs, 442,095 against 360,496; and of sheep, 50,129 against 69,132. In addition there were billed through this year, in the four months, 44,211 cattle against 41,521; 21,777 hogs against 61,383; and 5,279 sheep against 16,985. Top prices for butcher steers averaged on May 1 this year, compared with the same date last year, $7.41 to $7.18 per hundred; veal calves, $8.50 to $8.39; select hogs, $8.06 to $11.19; and good lambs, $13.41 to $12. In computing these prices the markets at Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Calgary and Edmonton are averaged.

Epsom Salts

In England nearly 2,000,000 pounds is paid yearly by the governments in sick benefits to those suffering from rheumatism.

Women's Peace League

MISS ELLA ABEEL

state chairman of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom, who declares there is no truth in the story that members of the association take a pledge against aiding their governments in war time.

World Tour Benefits Canada

Recent Cruise Has Aroused Great Interest In Dominion

"There is every evidence of increasing trade with China and Japan, particularly in Japan, as the government is more stable," said Charles Murphy, general manager, Canadian Pacific Railway, western lines, who returned after a cruise of the world on the Empress of Canada.

"China," continued Mr. Murphy, "is unsettled at the present time owing to interior and government troubles. A striking indication of growing trade in Japan is the recent completion of a large flour mill at Yokohama, which looks very encouraging for the grain trade in that country. Building activities are making great strides in Yokohama, Tokio, and in the territory devasted by the earthquake last September. The people there are not downhearted but anxious to get their towns and cities rebuilt. Eminent engineers from various European countries have been working there for some months, and at present there are many small temporary wooden buildings going up, but when the reconstruction is completed, there will be fine modern cities."

"I consider the cruise," said Mr. Murphy, "has brought Canada before the people of the old world in a way that could not have been done in a thousand years even through the most arduous publicity campaigns. It has also been a good thing for Canada because it engendered good relations wherever they touched and aroused curiosity concerning this country."

Order 2,000 Flies

Two thousand common house flies have been shipped from Dallas to a private business concern in Boston. The flies were sent by express by F. C. Bishop, chief entomologist of the department of agriculture in Dallas. Bishop said the Boston firm did not explain for what purpose the flies were intended.

ON THE BEACH AT MANITOU

Long before the paleface came to the broad and rolling prairies, the Red man knew and appreciated the curative properties of Little Lake Manitou, which is located near Watrous, Saskatchewan, on the main line of the Canadian National Railways. And the first white settlers who came, in advance of the railways, to settle on their homesteads in and around Watrous, soon learned of this lake with its highly mineralized waters, so that Little Lake Manitou had its reputation made when the first settlers reached the country.

Today thousands of residents of prairie cities find Little Lake Manitou an ideal watering place, and excursions are run from time to time over the Canadian National Railways from Saskatoon and other cities to provide citizens with a means of reaching this delightful spot.

The waters of Little Lake Manitou are so highly mineralized that the swimmer finds no difficulty in floating on their surface and at the same time their mineral qualities are healthy-giving in their action. With a good sandy beach for the kiddies to play on, and water chutes and other enjoyment features erected for their entertainment, Little Lake Manitou has become the ideal picnic spot for the dwellers in the central region of Saskatchewan.

With Widespread Tree Planting The Prairie Provinces Now Becoming A Land Of Gardens

Should Know Canada

Teachers Are Better Equipped to Impart Knowledge Who Have Travelled

A teachers' organization in Quebec acknowledges the courtesy of the railway companies in furnishing its official publication with cuts of western scenes. "Teachers on the point of deciding where and how to spend their vacations may be influenced in favor of the western trip by these views, which suggest the charms of the Rockies," says the association's organ. The action of the railways in advertising the scenic beauties of the west in the central and eastern provinces in the west is good business and good national policy. A teacher in Quebec or Ontario or the maritime provinces, who crosses the dominion to spend his or her vacation in the Canadian Rockies, will return better equipped to teach Canadian children about the land in which they live and to inspire in them respect and admiration for its natural endowments. A teacher on the prairies will equally profit by spending the summer in Central Canada or the maritime provinces, absorbing knowledge of something beyond the bounds of the school district in which he or she teaches for eight months of the year. A person cannot teach Canada who does not know Canada. That knowledge is best acquired by travel. Teachers and pupils benefit directly and the country indirectly but not the less substantially from encouraging teachers to spend the summer vacation in a distant part of Canada.—Regina Leader.

The Home and the Nation

Relatively Fewer Divorces in Canada Than In Other English-Speaking Countries

Statisticians show that Canada has fewest divorces per population of any English-speaking country in the world. . . . Canada's paucity of divorces is not due to the fact that divorces are easier to secure in these other countries. The Dominion's divorce laws are generous. There is no legal bar to the freedom of a husband or wife who is genuinely aggrieved. The real reason for this situation is that home and family broken in Canada. The institution of the home is regarded with more reverence in Canada than in any other country in the world. Canadians misrmake as often and as many couples. But with this inherent reverence for the home, they prefer to bear their own unhappiness rather than risk the happiness of future generations. It is a very splendid frame of mind on which to build a nation.—Vancouver Sun.

Explained It

Mrs. Jones had, in her employ a young Swedish maid who very soon evinced signs of nostalgia.

"You ought to be contented, and not fret for your old home, Ellish," said the lady, as she looked at the dim eyes of the girl. "You are earning good wages, your work is light, everyone is kind to you, and you have plenty of friends here."

"Yes'm," said the girl, "but it is not the place where I do be that makes me vera homesveck; it is the place I don't be."—Kansas City Star.

The Nile River

No river in the world has exerted such a potent influence on civilization as the Nile in Egypt. In the literal sense, it has made the land of Egypt for thousands of years. Most wonderful is that it has, dug its way through a vast rainless desert plateau and has deposited from age to age a rich loam on an otherwise soft limestone country, thus renewing the land annually.

B.C. Lumber For Newfoundland

The second cargo of British Columbia lumber for Newfoundland left Vancouver recently for St. Johns, via the Panama Canal. This shipment consisted of about 1,000,000 feet of pipe stock, presumed to be used in the construction of penstocks for the big pulp and paper plants that is being erected on the island, and about 1,000,000 feet of timbers and construction material.

He.—"And why didn't you answer my letter?"

She.—"Because I never received it."

He.—"Really?"

She.—"No. And in any case it was so badly written you couldn't expect me to understand it."

A wife recently stopped her husband's wedding by dropping in when it was in progress. Some wives will never learn that their place is in the home.

A leading Canadian horticulturist who had been absent from the prairie provinces for some years was surprised to see on his return how rapidly the west is being turned into a land of gardens. The change is but the outcome of the consistent educational and demonstrative work that has been carried on the past few years and in which gratifying results the Canadian Forestry Association has played no appreciable a part.

When the convinced farmers started in to shelter their homes with windbreaks, then the ornamental trees and hedges, the fine gardens of vegetables, the fruit trees and bushes that have had refused to grow on the bare and open prairies, now sprang into being both to beautify the landscape and to swell the settler's material luxuries of life.

If used to be the mistaken idea that tree growing was a gamble with the chances in favor of failure, but in the majority of cases failures can be traced directly to neglect. Unless the soil is swampy, alkaline or gravel, the correctly selected tree will flourish and find sufficient moisture practically everywhere. That the prairie is naturally a tree country is shown conclusively by the rapidly increasing groves of native aspen poplar, the extension on every hand of native bush and the innumerable groups of trees from 3 to 30 feet high. Forty years ago the country west of Brandon was quite bare, now the native tree catches the eye for 200 miles further west. Nearly every farm on both sides of the railway has tree growth, and while old Hudson Bay men remember when there were no trees a short distance south of South Edmonton, now you will find them about 30 miles south of Calgary. The bare prairie's day is rapidly nearing its end.

It is only by working in Nature's way that these fine results have been achieved. Moisture is indispensable to tree growth. Its loss is occasioned by the action of the sun and wind. Copying Nature's method, the intelligent settler plants his trees close together so that the moisture cannot, sun and wind, carnot dry up the soil at their roots, the soil beneath the trees is cultivated and in dry years an artificial mulch is applied.

It is always the best policy to keep trees away from the farm buildings as this gives enclosed and protected ground for the garden, orchard, alfalfa patch, root ground and the all important stock pen. A protected plantation of about 12 or 16 rows wide with a snow trap outside to catch the snow will save the trees from being broken. Caragana and the Russian Poplar have been found to answer best for the purpose.

The systematic planting of these strips across the fields have proven one of the settler's greatest assets. They protect the soil from drifting, the crops from blowing away or shattering and prevent the snow and rain from being wasted. The moisture the farmer can keep is of more importance on the prairie than the moisture he gets, and becomes the most important of the country's natural resources.

A forceful example of tree protection was shown at the Scott Experimental Farm when three times as many potatoes per acre were grown behind a belt of trees as there were in the open.

Another highly important matter in a dry country is the fact that behind a belt of trees there is from 25 to 63 per cent less water lost as compared with no protection.

The shelter strip across the fields will alone save the clean farmer from tremendous loss each year from the wind-blown weeds from the land of his careless neighbor.

The country has at last realized that without trees a real home is an impossibility, and that in tree planting lies the key to the building up of prairie communities.

Saskatchewan Furs

During the year ended June 30, 1923, 1,462,288 pelts, valued at $2,242,835, were taken in the provinces of Saskatchewan, according to returns made by the chief game warden. Of the total value, muskrat accounted for more than 50 per cent. Royalty collected by the province on these pelts totalled $89,565.

DISTEMPER
A tablespoon of Minard's in cup of molasses mixed with the bran mash will give quick relief.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

The Redcliff Review

Published Every Thursday
At the Review Office, Third Street
Redcliff, Alberta

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
In Canada and Great Britain .... $2.0(
United States ..... $2.5(

Advertising Rates Furnished on Application.

Ed. L. Stone. Editor and Prop

THURSDAY, JULY 3, 1924.

THE SWIMMING POOL

ALMOST every person with whom one came in contact at the opening of the swimming pool last Thursday evening, was of the same opinion and that was that establishing of a swimming pool here was the best and most popular movement ever carried through in Redcliff for many a long day. The large crowd which attended the opening, the great success of the venture and the manner in which it has been patronized ever since, all serve as a proof of its popularity.

As pointed out by Mr. Hall, chairman of the pool committee, in officially opening the pool, there were those in town who, when the movement was first started, said: "It can't be done." This is almost always the case. But the success with which this venture was carried through only serves as another proof of what can be accomplished when enough of the community spirit is put into any movement. It also adds another to the long list of "Can't be done" things which are almost daily being done.

There are many factors which contributed to the success of this venture. First of all there was the determination and enthusiasm of those who started the movement; there was the cheerfulness and liberality work; there was the volunteer work of both labor and tradesmen, and then there was the encouragement and praise from all interested. All these made the pool possible, and now that it is in operation all feel greatly repaid for their trouble.

The success of the pool in the future will depend not only on how well it is patronized but also on how well those patronizing it will keep it up to what it should be. There will be certain rules and regulations which must be adhered to and if these are not observed those breaking them will be deprived of the use of the pool. To again refer to Mr. Hall's opening address: "The pool is yours. It is up to you to make good use of it and to preserve it."

With a first class swimming pool and a first class picture show, people of Redcliff now have two good ways of occupying at least a part of their time.

THE WATER SITUATION

NOW that the real hot weather is upon us it has already been discovered that there must be many in town who are abusing the privilege of the unrestricted use of water for lawn and garden use. For the first time this year water was used to such an extent last night that many risers this morning found the supply insufficient for them to perform their morning ablutions, and it was necessary to adopt the usual restrictions again this year, and we are assured that all disregarding these restrictions as advertised in this issue will be dealt with severly.

At the present time when so much water is necessary for cooling, drinking and bathing purpose, citizens hould exercise a little more judgement in its use for other purposes. This is another line in which the community spirit can be worked to advantage.

Discussing the development of the Port of Vancouver in the U. F. A., Mr. Gardiner, M.P. for this constituency, points out that British buyers have expressed satisfaction at the high quality and uniformity of grades of wheat bought at the oast port, where there is no mixing of grades, and are now willing to pay a premium on contract grades via the Western route. "Thanks to the action of the Harbor Board," he says, "this will be changed in the future," by the leasing of the Woodard elevator to a company" mainly composed of Edmonton Liberals," which isnot investing its own money for building purposes. The lease contains a clause permitting the leasees to buy and sell grain. "This is in the final analyses," says Mr. Gardiner, "means that it will become a private terminal elevator with all the privileges of a private terminal, including that of mixing."

Remember the horse sale at the Rex Rose ranch on July 8th.

"Perhaps the most noteworthy fact we discovered was the vastly improved psychology of the people of the west to that which existed a year ago," commented E. W. Beatty, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, on his return from a recent inspection of the Company's property. "They are full of hope and confidence and realize as the east should realize, the tremendous benefit to the whole of Canada of a second consecutive large harvest."

The number of big industrial undertakings projected for immediate construction on the coast of British Columbia provides a striking indication of how that province is going ahead. A $400,000 logging railway up the Sho'alls River Valley, a $1,000,000 mill plant at Chemainus, a $250,000 amusement centre at Victoria and a $200,000 saw mill at Fort Coquitlam, with also $10,000,000 in power plants in the Seaye Lake District are some of the more important and a host of smaller projects are also under way.

Practically all Canada's production of newsprint for export in March was absorbed by the United States. Of March shipments amounting to 127,353 tons valued at $9,716,330, the United States received 125,848 tons, valued at 9,617,823. The only other Canadian exports of newsprint of importance were 599 tons to South Africa and 1,037 tons to New Zealand. It is expected that April shipments will show an even greater proportion of consignments to the United States.

The concentration camp for emigrants to Canada and the United States maintained by the Canadian Pacific Railway and other steamship companies, is located at Southampton, England. It has an average daily attendance of 600 and, on some days, the number is about 1,000. Comfortable quarters and meals at moderate cost are provided and features of the camp are the special dining-room for Jewish passengers, the private shower baths, with towels and bathing gowns supplied and the individual rooms which are also available.

Here and There

It is estimated that over 50,000 acres were sown with corn in Alberta in 1923, as compared with only 1,000 acres in 1919. This is a good indication of how rapidly corn culture is increasing in Western Canada in connection with mixed farming operations.

All previous records of Canadian freight transportation were broken when a solid train-load of automobiles reached the Pacific Coast from Windsor, Ont., over Canadian Pacific lines recently. The distance of 2,932 miles was covered in seven days, or exactly 169 hours and 20 minutes. The train, which consisted of 40 cars, each containing 6 Ford automobiles, was more than a third of a mile long and was handled on practically passenger schedule.

The splendidly sound position of the Canadian Pacific Railway is well shown in the annual report for the fiscal year ended December 31st, 1923, which has just been issued. The gross earnings of the Company for the year were $105,897,060.61, the working expenses $158,358,-679.54, and the net earnings, $37,-479,010.07.

A large party of Scottish farmers, ploughmen, farm workers and their families, is expected to arrive at Montreal in June. The party, which will sail on the Canadian Pacific steamer "Marburn," will be conducted by the Scottish representative of the Canadian Pacific Department of Colonization and Development.

Alberta has maintained an average yield of spring wheat of 19¼ bushels per acre over a period of twenty-six years, according to a chart prepared by the Department of Agriculture. In addition, winter wheat has averaged over the same period 20.19 bushels; oats, 35.79 bushels; barley, 26.10 bushels; rye, 18.84 bushels and flax, 8.71 bushels.

A feature of the annual banquet and convention of the officials of the Canadian Pacific Railway, which were held at Quebec on March 29th, was the representation, in the banqueting hall, of a full-sized locomotive of the latest type emerging from a tunnel. Built of wood at Angus Shops, Montreal, it was in all respects perfect. At a prearranged moment, it emitted steam and smoke, the bell rang and the whistle blew, while the headlight became a moving picture projector.

Indications of a great season in immigration are seen by Canadian Pacific officials, in the arrival at St. John, N.B., during the week-end of March 29-30, of 6,000 passengers, aboard the Company's steamers Montcalm and Metagama. The Montcalm had on board 1,850 of these passengers, which constitutes a record for the season.

Out of a total production of 16,720,160 pounds of creamery butter in 1923, Manitoba exported 3,63,264 pounds, valued at $1,513,-169. Shipments were made to Great Britain, New York, Chicago and Montreal. In addition, about 200,-000 pounds of butter fat were shipped to the United States.

In a speech to the higher officers of the Canadian Pacific Railway on the occasion of the recent convention at Quebec, Mr. E. W. Beatty, President, pointed out that 50 per cent. of the company's stock is held in Great Britain, 21 per cent. in Canada and 20 per cent. in the United States. It is, therefore, a corporation absolutely controlled within the British Empire and, he added, that control is being appreciably strengthened as the years go on.

Here and There

Earnings of the Canadian Pacific Railway for the last ten days of March amounted to $4,496,000, as compared with $4,313,000 for the corresponding period a year ago. This is an increase of $183,000 or 4.2 per cent.

Immigration to Canada during the eleven months ending February, 1924, totalled 135,128, divided as follows: British, 67,023; from the United States, 19,139; from all other countries, 48,902. This compares very favorably with 66,139 for the same period a year ago.

Forty pilgrimages to the famous shrine at Ste. Anne de Beaupre, Quebec, have already been arranged for June, July and August this year. Over 200,000 visitors are expected, most of them from Montreal, Toronto, Buffalo, Philadelphia, Chicago, New York and Boston.

Although it has already spent $4,000,000 in drilling for oil in Alberta without very definite results, the Imperial Oil, Limited, proposes to keep at its development campaign. So F. J. Wolfe, director of marketing for the concern, states. Already the company's $2,500,000 refinery at Calgary has had the effect of keeping prices down, he says.

An important industrial enterprise is being added to the list in Montreal in the plant of the National Cement Company, which is being constructed in the town of Montreal East on the site of one of the largest deposits of raw material for cement in Canada. The first unit of the plant will have a capacity of 900,000 barrels per annum.

Try a small ad in The Review.

WM. HENDERSON
Issuer of
Marriage Licenses
FIRE INSURANCE
Rent Collections Attended to
Office Opp. Redcliff Hotel

Dr. J. R. PATTERSON
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office over Hall's Drug Store
Office Hours: 10 to 11 a.m., 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p.m. Phone 6.

Lang Bros. Ltd.
INSURANCE
Fire Accident
Life Sickness
651 2nd St. Medicine Hat
Telephone 3554

Light Draying
All kinds of light draying to any part of the town will be promptly attended to.
Orders may be left at the C. P. R. Station. Phone No. 3.
Prompt Service Guaranteed.
J. L. WRIGHT

F. S. RATLIFF & CO.
FARM LANDS
FARM LOANS
CITY REAL ESTATE
We buy and sell Victory Bonds.
We write INSURANCE of all kinds
LICENSED AUCTIONER
DIXON BLK., MEDICINE HAT
Phone 2681

FRANK BAIRD
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, Etc.
Office Broadway. Phone 79
REDCLIFF, ALBERTA

Draying 75c per hour
FURNITURE MOVING
BUILDING MOVING
CESSPOOL WORK
HARRY JOHNSON
Redcliff

EGGS
For Hatching
EGGS FOR HATCHING
$1.00 per Setting.
$6.00 Per Hundred.
Now is the time to put down eggs for winter. Will sell any quantity at reasonable prices.
A Pen of
10 Hens and Cockerel
$15.00
A Peerless Incubator and Brooder for sale
$20.00
CALL OR WRITE
W. H. NUSSEY, Redcliff

W. H. NUSSEY
PHONE No. 4 REDCLIFF
Draying — $1.00 Per Hour — Personal attention
Plowing — $1.00 Per Lot — Good Work
Cesspool — $1.00 Per Tank — Large Tank
Manure — $100. Per Load — Big Load
Furniture Crated
Saws Sharpened

SPECIAL FARES
TO
EDMONTON EXHIBITION
JULY 14th to JULY 19th
GOING DATES—July 12th to July 18th and July 19th for trains arriving in Edmonton before 2:00 P.M.
RETURN LIMIT—July 21st, 1924.
INFORMATION and TICKETS from
A. R. BALLANTYNE, - Ticket Agent

Commercial Job Printing

ENVELOPES
LETTERHEADS
NOTE HEADS
BILLHEADS
STATEMENTS
CIRCULARS
BOOKLETS
PRIZE LISTS
TICKETS
VISITING CARDS
BUSINESS CARDS
PROGRAMS
RULED FORMS
BALANCE SHEETS
DODGERS
POSTERS
AUCTION BILLS

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW is fully equipped to turn out the highest class of Job Printing the most fastidious of our customers can desire. With a large variety of type faces we can handle any job, whatever the size, and we turn out our work with a promptness and despatch very few offices can excel

Municipalities, U.F.A. organizations, Agricultural Societies, etc., should get our prices before placing their printing orders.

A TRIAL ORDER SOLICITED

The Kind of Printing You Want is The Kind of Printing We Print

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

Fishermen Tell You

Fishermen will tell you that they only go to French River Nipigon or Lake-of-the-Woods for the fishing. Not all of them will tell you that they go because Madame insists, these being three of the few districts where one can enjoy the comforts of the average holiday resort, the joy of camp life and the glory of the woods as well as the finest fishing in North America. There are bungalow camps, operated by the Canadian Pacific, in each district.

Combination Crop

Flax and Wheat As a Mixed Crop Is Found Useful

Growing flax with certain grains of a suitable type, and of satisfactory time of maturity has been practised of late years in the Dakotas and Minnesota, and will be tried by a number of Saskatchewan farmers this year, according to Mr. E. G. Booth, director of co-operative experiments, attached at the university, who has had tried out a number of small fields on farms in various parts of the province and states regarding the merits of growing wheat with flax "that harvesting and threshing is easier due to the presence of the wheat straw; if the wheat crop is injured by disease or by hot winds the flax may escape injury; the combination crop assists in choking down weeds if the yield of the wheat is not noticeably lowered the presence of some flax will increase the money returns; provision is made for marketing the mixed grain in The Canada Grain Act of 1912, but it is believed that greater profits are obtained by separating, an easy operation on the farm.

"Growers contemplating sowing a small field of the combination crop might consider a plan somewhat as follows:

"A field of from one to five acres for the first year sown at the rate of a half bushel of wheat and the same of flax is sufficient. The two should be mixed thoroughly in the grain drill (do not fill drill more than half full), and sown at wheat seeding time on a firm seed bed. If the land is weedy sow three-quarters to a bushel of wheat with one quarter bushel of flax. Use Marquis wheat seed as some of the earlier varieties such as Ruby matures before flax.

"The ordinary threshing methods seem to work out all right in the case of the mixed crops, but the cylinder teeth and concaves should be well lined up, and the concaves kept close, but not so close as to crack the wheat seed because cracked wheat makes the separation from flax difficult. The fan, of course, should be watched and regulated very carefully. To separate the flax from the wheat when threshing, insert a suitable screen in place of the weed sieve. Spread a canvas under the separator and shovel the flax into a wagon box or bags. The United States Department of Agriculture recommends using a 4x16 wire mesh screen for separating flax from wheat and a 3/16 diameter perforated zinc screen to clean the weed seeds out of the flax after separation.

"Five farmers who tried a bushel of wheat with a quarter bushel of flax last spring report the following average yields: Wheat (in the mixture) 17.4 bushels, and flax 7.5 bushels. The average yield on other farms in the same district was 18.6 bushels and flax 11.8 bushels."

Find Remarkable Oak In Old Building

Impossible to Saw Through Beams In 14th Century Inn

During restoration work at the Greyhound Inn, Chalfont St. Peter, Bucks, a hostelry that dates back to the fourteenth century, some remarkable oak beams were revealed, and are to be preserved. The removal of the floor also uncovered bricks made out of straw and clay, and coins dated 1609. Some of the huge beams found were 14 inches square, and had become so thoroughly seasoned that it was not possible to saw through them. The inn is built over the River Misbourne, which flows through the village High Street, being supported on arches. Despite its proximity to the water, the old oaken floor was found to have suffered no damage.

Saskatoon Improvements

Saskatoon. — Capital expenditures totalling $120,353 on the city of Saskatoon improvement programme for 1924 have been approved by the Saskatchewan Local Government Board, and will be submitted to the burgesses for final approval. Included is an item of $22,000 for a collegiate extension which has been in controversy for over a year.

Air Route Safest

The aeroplane is the safest transport. This is the opinion of many on both sides of the English Channel and is backed up by insurance companies whose rates by air are only half the railway and boat costs.

Exports More Wheat Than U.S.

Canada has already far out-distanced the United States as an exporter of wheat. In March the U.S. exported 2,937,710 bushels of wheat, as compared with 4,390,944 for the same month last year. Canada in March exported 13,446,109 bushels against 6,615,612 bushels in March last year. In the same month as compared with 1923 the U.S. exports of wheat flour decreased 4,000 barrels, while Canada's increased 177,000 barrels.

China's Timber Trade A Lesson to Canada

Large Shipments Being Made to What Was Once a Forested Country

What promises to lead to a large timber trade springs to be developing on the Pacific coast. British Columbia forests are being called upon to a much larger extent every year to supply world markets, but one outstanding instance of this is reported from China by Canada's trade commissioner in that country. In 1915 no Canadian timber was used in China, that country's supply being obtained almost entirely from Japan and the United States. Since 1914, however, Canada's shipments have grown from 120,000 feet to over twenty-seven million feet in 1922, and there would appear to be no reason why our exports of timber to that country should not continue to increase.

The growth in the exports of railway ties to China has also been very large. In 1920 no Canadian ties were used. This trade in 1921 amounted to 20,000 pieces, but in 1922 there were 265,823 railway ties shipped to China.

China's need of foreign timber bears witness to the ruthless way in which, for care with forest resources, says the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior. That country, naturally hilly, was formerly well provided with forests, the slopes of the mountains being covered with tree growth. These forests have been utterly destroyed, and no attempt has ever been made at reforestation by natural or artificial means. The consequence is that the mountain sides have been eroded and the soil washed away, leaving them bleak and bare, and China today, instead of having a timber supply of her own, is dependent upon outside sources. Canada may take a lesson from China in this connection. We have today vast areas of virgin timber but, due to carelessness on our part, we are permitting their destruction by fire and unscientific exploitation. Forest fires are taking a heavy toll, not only of the mature timber but of the young growth, as well. The forests are, next to the land, Canada's chief natural resource, and their importance warrants the best attention to every thinking Canadian if the future is not to find this country in the same position as China in regard to a timber supply.

Wood Growth and Strength

Soft Woods Should Grow Slowly and Hard Woods Rapidly

Within the past year new knowledge regarding the effect of the rate of growth on the strength of Canadian woods has been reached at the Forest Products Laboratories of Canada (Dominion Forestry Branch), Montreal. The fact that rate of growth exercises an important influence on the mechanical properties of timber had been learned from previous research. It was known that in the case of soft woods, such as pine and spruce, slowly-grown material tended to be stronger than that of very rapid growth. On the contrary, in the so-called ring-porous hardwoods, such as ash and oak, the reverse was true, slowly-grown wood being inferior in strength to that of more rapid growth. Analysis of the results of many thousands of strength tests, made at the laboratories, has now enabled the investigators to go to a step further and to determine definitely the rates of growth at which maximum strength is developed in a number of the important commercial woods of Canada. This information is of practical value when wood is employed for purposes where the strength of the material is a primary consideration.

Modernism In Japan

Intellectual Japan is somewhat disturbed by the modernist tendency among followers of the Buddhist religion. The time honored rituals which have gone unchanged for centuries now are being altered in many places by the high priests and greater emphasis than formerly is laid upon spiritual healing. This tendency is also seen among Mohammedans in the Arabian countries.

Passed With Honors

Pretty Susie Smith had been studying medicine, and although she did not make much actual progress at the work, she managed to get along very well with the lecturers, for she had what is called "a way with her."

Whenever she was asked a question she could not answer she would smilingly, "—I should er——"

"Yes, yes!" said the professor impatiently. "Go on."

"I—I——" Then, with a rush: "I should call you in for consultation."

She passed with honors.

Mines Of England Claim Many Lives

More Than Five Persons Killed Every Working Day

Herbert Smith, president of the Miner's Federation, gave some statistics regarding fatalities in the coal mines of Britain, little known to the average person, in his opening speech at the miners' wages inquiry in London.

In 1923, he said, 212,250 men were disabled for more than seven days, and in addition 1,297 lives were lost. These figures meant that every working day more than five persons were killed. Every 215,000 tons of coal raised was stained with one man's blood. Every working day 850 men were injured.

"If the victims of accidents in the mines," Mr. Smith continued, "were marshalled in one procession, four men in a rank and each rank one and a half yards apart, they would have a procession of 45 miles. Every 15 yards of that tragic march they would have an ambulance containing a man who was seriously injured and every 61 yards a hearse. This is part of the miner's wage, part of the price he pays in the struggle with natural forces that people may have coal and he and his family bread."

Defends Divining Rod

Although United States Geological Survey and similar scientific bodies have officially laughed at the divining rod for locating water or other mineral deposits, several members of the British Geographical Society have come forward to defend it. Carus Wilson, F.R.G.S., has written for publication a paper which points out that by the logic of cold science it is proper to believe a physical force must exist either of gravity or electrical or magnetic attraction between the water and the divining twig or rod in the hands of a sensitive carrier.

Heavy Wheat Movement

Expect Surplus Grain Will Be Cleaned Up Before Midsummer

Heavy movement of both wheat and oats from interior points into the States has encouraged big dealers of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange in the belief that the surplus will be cleaned up before midsummer. Heavy exports, both east and west, have contributed to the easier feeling and reflected sharply on prairie business generally. Clothing, leather goods, farm implements and lumber have been active in rural districts, due to the easier feeling in financial circles. The Eastern United States have placed heavy orders for Canadian oats and one shipment of four million bushels is recorded for the New England States.

U.S. Fliers Ignored By Japanese Royalty

Visit Aviation Field But Fail To Pay Respects

The national attitude of Japan toward the United States as a result of the passage of the exclusion bill was emphasized at Tokio by action of several members of the royal family, who visited the aviation field where the United States round-the-world fliers housed their planes, watched Japanese airmen performing stunts, but neglected to pay their respects to the visiting airmen.

A boycott against goods made in the United States also has started. Hundreds of persons appear daily on the streets wearing buttons inscribed with "buy no American goods."

Bursley—He claims to be related to you, and says he can prove it.

Floyd.—The man's a fool.

Bursley.—That may be a mere coincidence.

British Capital and Alberta

Two Large Deals Which May Bring Large Amount of Capital to Alberta

Negotiations are now going forward in two large deal which are likely to bring a considerable amount of British capital to Alberta for investment. For some time milling interests of Great Britain have been negotiating for the investment of a large sum in the grain business of the province. This firm contemplates engaging extensively. It is reported, in the flour milling business in Western Canada and is negotiating with a view to the completion of the large flour mill now in course of erection at Calgary. The firm is also interested in the purchase or a string of elevators through the province and is also preparing to erect a large terminal elevator at Vancouver to handle western grain.

Canadian Birds For Wembley

British Poultry Association Want Exhibit Recently Shown in Spain

The Canadian "Registered" and "Record of Performance" birds that were shown at Barcelona, Spain, recently have created so much favorable comment among bred-to-lay breeders that the British Poultry Association have asked to have all the Registered and Record of Performance birds appear in the National Exhibit that they are making at Wembley. In all probability a number of them will be sent to England for that purpose. These birds won the admiration of all who had the privilege of seeing them both in England and in Spain and many offers to purchase them were received by Mr. F. C. Elford, Canada's representative at Barcelona, but none will be accepted as it is the intention to present the birds to breeders in the British Isles with Canada's compliments.

GRAIN FED CATTLE FOR EASTERN MARKET

Since the first of May a very fine lot of cattle have been passing through the stockyards at Winnipeg. These show the result of intensive feeding they received during the winter, and the large number of cattle recently coming forward indicate that western farmers have greatly enlarged their winter feeding operations over what prevailed two or three years ago. In order to encourage this business the railways last fall reduced the freight rates on feeder cattle taken out from the stockyards to the country to one-half the regular rates, and the co-operative cattle pool announced that no commission would be charged farmers purchasing such cattle from the pool. Many of the good cattle recently received at the yards were purchased by farmers last fall in uniform loads carefully sorted up by the pool, and shipped out under the reduced railway rates. Winter feeding operations have on the whole made a very satisfactory return to a large number of farmers, and cattle purchased at from four to four and a half cents a pound have been resold this spring at from six and a half to seven cents a pound, or occasionally more, after making a gain in weight often averaging two hundred pounds or more.

Many western cattle are now moving east, both to packing plants, for export to Great Britain, and to Ontario farms for further intensive feeding. Many loads of pool cattle are consigned direct to farmers in Ontario who have placed orders for them. To get these cattle to destination in the quickest possible time and to avoid as far as possible shrinkage losses in transit, the Canadian National Railways operate a special fast through cattle train daily from Winnipeg to the east, and cattle for this movement are loaded up each evening about seven o'clock.

Illegitimate Parenthood

Framing Laws to Protect Children Born Out of Wedlock

(By Dr. J. G. Shearer)

Five thousand children are born out of wedlock in Canada every year. These children are very badly handicapped for life's struggle... They are inadequately supported, often poorly educated and socially ostracized. Their mothers, also, are most unjustly treated. They are ostracized by society, especially women, have single-handed to care for their children and bear usually the entire economic cost of maintenance. The illegitimate fathers in the past have gone scot free. Too great cads to volunteer to bear their share of responsibility, the laws of the past have been too weak to compel them to do so or pay the penalty.

But this is rapidly being changed in Canada. In 1921 the Social Service Council of Canada began a movement for a modern and efficient law for the care of children born out of wedlock, and for the securing of justice to the mothers of such. The Ontario Legislature passed the measure in that year; Manitoba the following year; Alberta and British Columbia in 1922; Prince Edward Island in 1924; and the present prospect is that all the other provinces will adopt the measure in the near future.

An important feature of the measure compels the illegitimate father to support the child according to the standards of his own station in life until it is sixteen years of age, and it is not left to the mother to take the initiative in putting the law in motion. This duty rests with the superintendent of child welfare for the province, who gets his information from the registrar to whom the doctors and others are required to report the facts of each such birth. The judge is clothed with power to decide the question of the fatherhood with all the evidence before him, and as well as to fix the amount of financial responsibility of the father; also at discretion to require the mother to personally care for the child, assuming her fitness. Thus as far as possible the child is assured a fair chance in life, and the father is compelled to bear his just share of responsibility for its maintenance. This law has been in force in Norway for 8 or 9 years and has worked well, and in addition to serving the purpose for which it was enacted its operation has resulted in a steady decline in the number of such births in proportion to the population.

The law in Ontario, which contains one-third of the population of Canada, has been in operation for nearly three years. The latest report indicates that 2,500 cases in have been reported. A large proportion of these cases are still in process, but at least half of them have been finally dealt with. In 202 cases it was impossible to establish the paternity of the child for lack of corroborative evidence supplementing the mother's statement. In 104 cases the parents were voluntarily married, in 514 cases the mothers specially desired that no action should be taken. 629 cases were settled by agreement between the parties concerned, with the approval of the superintendent of child welfare and of the county judge. Considerably over 200 cases were decided by compulsory court order. Of 1,337 cases, 920 were of Canadian birth, 467 from the British Islands—an abnormal proportion. Almost $100,000 has been collected and much more has been ordered paid, but not yet due. Of $100,000 the major portion, namely, $67,922, was collected in 1923. It seems probable that 1924 will itself approach the $100,000 mark.

It is, of course, too early yet to observe or report the effect in that province of the operation of the measure on the number of births out of marriage in proportion to population, but no doubt in future years we shall be able to make the report of decrease in the proportionate number of such births as has been already appearing from the longer experience in Norway. When are Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, Quebec and Saskatchewan going to fall in line with the other provinces in this important reform by enacting a similar measure, and thus giving the children of these provinces born out of wedlock a fair chance and their mothers something approaching a square deal?

Bovril Competition

It is announced that over 750,000 recipes were sent in for the Bovril Poster Competition, the Canadian end of which was promoted by the Veterans' Associations, and which closed in Canada on April 1st. A staff of 100 people is now busy totalling the votes, and the results will be published some time in June. Considerable interest has been aroused owing to the very large prizes to be awarded—the first prize being no less than £12,000.

He thinks best with his head who thinks also with his heart.

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS
—FOR—
HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, KIDNEYS, LIVER, BOWELS

A Daughter Of The Ranch

A Story of Romance and Adventure of Western Pioneer Days

— BY —

ALEXANDER D. McLEOD

(Published by Special Arrangement with the Author)

(Continued)

Suiting the action to the word, and quickly descending, she was soon on term firma, closely followed by her alert companion. They circled the remainder of the island, and soon came to the west side of the steep clay embankment that formed its north shore, and from which they had seen the eagle come out of her nest. They now had to work their way through the thick tangled underbrush that crowned the top of this bank. They followed close along its edge till they came to the overhanging tree that marked the location of the hole from which they had seen the eagle emerge. About twenty feet below, at the foot of the steep bank, was a narrow fringe of boulder stones against which the wavelets lapped. Looking over the edge, Ronald noted that the steep bank offered no secure foothold that would enable them to descend to the level of the hole, which was between four or five feet below the top edge of the bank. Rising above and slightly leaning over the bank, a clump of birch trees grew, some of which were not more than two inches in diameter. He tested the flexibility of two of these and conceived the notion that, by bending them over the edge, they could be used as support, while, by digging holes in the clay bank with them, they would be enabled thus to work their way down and get a look into the nest. He first tested the scheme, and demonstrated its feasibility, and assured himself of its safety.

They then took a tree each, bent it over the bank, and began the descent. By carefully working their toes into the clayey bank they secured safe footholds and descended step by step. They were soon rewarded by getting a peep into a real eagle's nest. Nestling within were two little eaglets, newly hatched, and cunningly looking like two little fluff balls. Mary was enraptured by their innocent beauty. "Oh, aren't they cute!" she cried. "I can scarcely believe that they can grow to be cruel eagles!"

"Yes; they are cute now," said Ronald, "but I think we had better get out of this before the old eagles come along and offer to fight us for the protection of their young. It would be awkward for us in our present position, for we cannot fight back to defend ourselves."

Their curiosity being finally satisfied, they carefully began to retrace their steps. But, when they nearly reached the top, Mary, with a cry of horror cried: "Oh! I'm falling!" She had lost her foot hold, slipped down, but hung suspended, clinging to the tree, which was now her only support, with both hands. Both feet were swinging free of the bank, and she was unable to help herself in any way. Ronald, noticing her precarious position, cried: "Hold on to the tree; don't struggle till I get down to you a hand." Imagining correctly and rapidly, he worked his toe holds into the clay bank, and, in a short time, he was on a level with the distressed girl who was commencing to show signs of the strain she was undergoing. Encouraging her to hang on, he set himself with both feet now in deep strong footholds. Reaching over he passed his left arm around her waist and pulled her towards him, and, holding her thus, he said: "Now, Miss Fraser, you are quite safe, but, set your foot on top of my toes and rest a while." This she did, and though at first very nervous, she soon regained confidence and again commenced to work her way up to the top, which she reached without further mishap this time, with Ronald following close behind her.

She sat for a time on top of the bank to regain her breath and composure after her exciting experience. Soon she felt sufficiently composed and rested. "Mr. MacRae," she said, "I have had all I want of bird's nesting now. The next bird's nest I am going to seek shall be the lunch basket, and, if you are ready, we shall go and hunt for it right now."

"I think," he said, "that I quite agree with you. It will be much safer and more desirable at the present moment than eagle's nest hunting; and I have a keener appetite to-day for a lunch basket than anything else just now."

They had sufficient bird's nest hunting for the day, though every moment of it was a joy and a pleasure to them both. They soon worked their way through the tangled underbrush to the landing place. Mary quickly had the contents of the lunch basket spread out before them. The outing had given them both a hearty appetite and they were both quite ready to enjoy the lunch she had prepared.

"Oh, Miss Fraser," this looks good to me now," said Ronald as he seated himself on the grass beside the delicacies which she had set out on a clean white cloth on the grass. "I didn't think that you had gone to so much trouble to prepare a lunch, but, now that you have, everything looks to me tempting and appetizing."

"It was no trouble at all, Mr. MacRae, mother is always so good at having many things ready in the house, and all I had to do was to pack them into the basket. Have some of these sandwiches. I like sardine best for a lunch like this; they are always tasty."

"They look tempting, and, I am sure, they are equally as tasty. Your mother makes such delicious bread, and, with this home-cured ham and fresh butter, it seems to me like food fit for the gods, especially after being fed on the military rations such as we have had for the past four years. They were appetizing enough when one was good and hungry, but one had to be good and hungry to enjoy them."

"Your experience must have been interesting and exciting. I have often wished that I had been a man so that I might have enlisted and gone on the expedition. Do you think I would have made a good soldier?"

"Your riding skill would have qualified you for a scout. I think you would have made a good one, and it would have given you all the exciting experiences one would have wished."

"Let me have you some tea, and have some of this cake. I made it myself."

"In that case, I'll have some of it and take chances."

"Ah, Mr. MacRae, that is not so complimentary. I'll taste it myself first, so that if it is to have fatal effects, I shall die first."

Thus the conversation progressed while the pleasure seekers enjoyed their dainty lunch. All traces of the estrangement of the past three days seemed to have been forgotten. Deep in his heart, Ronald felt sad at this disappointment remained, and although alleviated somewhat by her present cheerful mood, this pain was intensified as the thought of it kept recurring. Against this feeling it was hard for him to contend with any wardly cheerful mood. Gradually a feeling of depression took hold of him, and the conversation connected to lag, until at last, he stretched out on the grass and relaxed into complete silence for a time. This attitude, as though in sympathy, she, also, in a short time assumed.

Thus they lay in mutual silence, and both seemed inwardly worried. Mary, however, was the first to break the silence as she nervously arose to a sitting position on the grass. With a dreamy far-off look in her eyes, she said: "Mr. MacRae, do you ever get lonely at times? Oh, do you? I myself lonely that you do not know what to do with yourself; so longly that you could like to fly far away to where there are many people who are so happy that they do not know what loneliness means in the world."

At that very moment the gist of her questions seemed intensely personal to him. She was not to blame for the aroused suspicion that she was reading his very thoughts, and, looking at her intently he said: "Miss Fraser, you are reading my very thoughts correctly. I am feelingly impressed by that very feeling just at the present moment. It is due to a sense of the fly far away, and to the fact that it is expedient that I should have to go away."

"Mr. MacRae, interesting and odd, Mr. MacRae. Sometimes," she said, "I wonder if it is wrong of me to feel that way, and I try to put the feeling away from me, but I cannot. I love this country; it is beautiful. I love the hills; I love the lakes; I love the tree and the open rolling prairies. To drive away that awful feeling of loneliness I sometimes saddle up my horse and canter for miles and miles over the hills and across the prairie, but I try to forget it all. Sometimes I go out to help father in the fields and work so hard to help drive away the feeling of my loneliness that he insists on my giving up the task and going home. At other times I am so lonesome for people that I go to the Indian reserve, where Mrs. Day resides, and I can talk to the squaws and play with the papooses for hours. They call me 'Merry Sunbeam,' but I am not merry; I am sad and lonely; I do it only to forget."

"I often wish that I could go away from here and live where I would be among many people, but I think a father and mother are so good and kind and true to me, and trying so hard in this lonely country to get along and do well that I could not think of leaving them. In the twilight of the evening I imagine them by bedroom window watching the tree tops along the skyline, and as they wave to the breeze I imagine them to be people waving their hands, and nodding, and bowing, and talking to one another, and enjoying a pleasant and joyful time. I watch the stars and wonder if people live on them and if they are sometimes lonely and sad as we are."

(To be continued)

Spain Claims Oldest Bank

Bank of Barcelona Founded in 1401 Still Exists

The oldest existing bank in the world is said to be the Bank of Barcelona, in Spain, which was founded in 1401. England's first bank was opened in 1603 by Francis Child, a goldsmith. A number of other goldsmiths immediately followed suit. The Mint in the Tower of London had been the depository for the cash of merchants until Charles the First seized the money as a loan. Then the traders began to deposit their cash with the goldsmith in Lombard Street.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment Promote Hair Health

Shampoo regularly with Cuticura Soap and keep your scalp clean and healthy. Before shampooing touch spots of dandruff, itching, if any, with Cuticura Ointment.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Depot: "Outicura, P. O. Box 2616, Montreal." Price, Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Try our new Shaving Stick.

Tons of Epsom Salts

New Industry Is Developing Mineral Resources of Western Canada

What is commercially and medicinally known as Epsom salts is now being produced in Canada. To the mining man, however, Epsom salts is known as magnesium sulphate, and as such has been reported upon by L. H. Cole, mining engineer of the Mines Branch of the Dominion Department of Mines.

This comparatively new industry has contributed to Canada's mineral production within the past few years, as the deposits of magnesium sulphate (Epsom salts) have been proved and production started on a commercial scale. The alkali deposits which occur in numerous localities in the prairie provinces contain appreciable percentages of magnesium sulphate, and it is possible that from these occurrences commercial magnesium sulphate will soon be recovered as a by-product in the production of sodium sulphate. In addition to these deposits there are three known deposits in British Columbia, one of which is being operated at the present time. The Mines Branch of the Department of Mines is investigating these deposits, in connection with the examination of the sodium sulphate areas in the prairie provinces.

A deposit of magnesium sulphate occurs in Spotted Lake, approximately one-half mile north of the third entrance to Richter's Pass, and forty miles west of Osoyoos, in British Columbia. The deposit occurs in a slight depression in which is a partially dried up lake containing considerable quantities of hydrous magnesium sulphate crystals and saturated brine. Approximately 1,600 tons of crude magnesium sulphate have been recovered from this deposit up to date.

The Basque Chemical Company owns a series of five lakes, situated 15 miles west of Ashcroft, B.C. From these lakes they excavated crude magnesium sulphate (Epsom salts) for shipment to Vancouver where it was refined and sold as medicinal salts and for the tanning industry. In the fall of 1923 they completely dismantled their refining plant at Vancouver and shipped the machinery to the plant at their deposits. Plans are now under way for the erection of the refining plant at Basque and for greatly extending the development of these deposits.

There is a small lake one mile south of Clinton, B.C., from which a small tonnage of magnesium sulphate has been obtained; other deposits may be discovered and opened up, and, as the demand increases, it may be possible to develop an export trade from Vancouver.

In the vicinity of Meadow Lake, 50 miles north of Clinton, B.C., the Lillooet Soda Company is operating at a high-class sodium carbonate plant and shipping the product to Vancouver over the Pacific Great Eastern Railway. This material is being disposed of at the present time to soap manufacturers on the Pacific coast, but plans are under way for the erection of a drying plant to handle the material at the lake and to further increase the output. This company also owns several other lakes of the same material, which they propose to operate at some future date.

Spring Movement of Grain

During the eight months ending April the number of cars of grain inspected on the railway lines in the west was 294,869, an increase of 49,918 over the number during the same months of the preceding year, according to a report of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. This is over nine times the number during the same months 20 years ago. Of these 294,869 cars of grain, 184,432 were handled by the Canadian Pacific Railway and the balance by other railways.

Radio No Longer a Fad

Makers of Supplies Show Amazing Growth of Industry

Radio is no longer a fad, but a fact. As an industry it has doffed its swaddling clothes over night, as it were. In the short space of three years over 3,000 manufacturers of radio supplies have risen throughout the country. Over a quarter of a million people, directly or indirectly are connected with the production, distribution and sale of radio products. A library of over 250 books has been written on the subject, and more than thirty radio magazines are now published. It is estimated that over $150,000,000 was spent by the people of the United States for radio products last year, and there are signs that radio soon will become a half billion dollar industry," says G. E. Tripp, chairman of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company.

"No other art has made such an immediate appeal to human imagination. Probably 10,000,000 people in this country alone, now search the air for musical and other programmes sent broadcast by radio, and it is likely that within a few years radio may have audience of fifty million people."

HEART WAS SO BAD HAD TO SIT UP IN BED

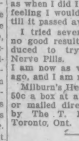
Mrs. O. E. Fitzgerald, 106 Ross St., St. Thomas, Ont., writes:—"In the Fall of 1921, I was taken ill with my heart, but I did not pay much attention to it. I kept on with my housework duties, but seemed to become worse and worse, and finally had to call in a doctor. He said I was all run-down and was a nervous wreck. I had a severe pain in my chest which would move over to my heart and it became so bad I could not lie down, as when I did I had such a smothering feeling I would have to sit up in bed till it passed away.

I tried several remedies, but with no good results. Finally, I was induced to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I took 7 boxes, and I am now as well as I was 20 years ago, and I am now 65 years old."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c a box at all druggists or dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

With The Boy Scouts

Importance of Saying the Right Thing



The art of saying the right thing in the right way also has a practical value. An Egyptian king once dreamed that all his teeth had fallen out. He called a soothsayer to interpret the dream. The soothsayer assumed a sad countenance and assured the king that all his relatives would die before him, and that he would live till his son lament their loss. The king was very angry, and commanded that the unhappy soothsayer be whipped. The next prophet summoned appeared with a glad face. "For your dream, sire," he said, "thank the gods! They promise you length of days! You will live longer than any of your relatives!" And the king was greatly pleased.

Tactfulness

A necessary element of courtesy is tactfulness. The unfailing tact of the late King Edward was one of his fine qualities. An example occurred during one of his Mediterranean holidays. He had occasion to land unexpectedly at a minor Italian seaport. It had been raining, and the roads were muddy. The local officials had run a carpet between the pier and the carriage, but it was not quite long enough, and in the gap they had laid down an Italian flag. The King landed, passed along the carpet, and stepped aside into the mud, as he did so raising his hat in respect to the national emblem of the country whose soil he was treading.

Six million customers and 125,000 orders by each day's mail is the record of America's largest mail order business.

BLUE RIBBON TEA

By an overwhelming majority the people of Western Canada have decided that Blue Ribbon "Mountain Grown" Tea is the best. Ask for it.

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

"LITTLE FOXES"

By E. A. Henry, D.D.

Interesting Stories For Young Folks

Published by Permission
Thomas Allen, Publisher

THE SOLDIER'S OUTFIT—THE UNIFORM

The uniform helps to change a variegated mass of men into an army. A regiment would not look anything like what it does were it not for the uniform.

It is the kilts that not only have a history but that give the Highlanders their glorious influence. The Scotchman thinks the kilties are the only soldiers, and one can respect his enthusiasm, for great deeds have been done by the troops from the land of the heather.

The uniform puts the finishing touch on a soldier.

I have seen the boys take the oath, but it was after they visited the storehouse and came out in the glory of the khaki, with their swagger stick, that they were willing all over them, "I'm a soldier of the king."

That uniform is the badge of service. Anyone who wears it is a marked man. The uniform proclaims him. He does not need a tag.

A girl was once converted at some church meeting, and she went up to an old member and with shining face, said, "Oh, Mr. Blank, I am a Christian, and I wish you were one, too." The old man flushed and said, "My dear little girl, I have been a Christian for forty years." "Oh, I'm sorry," she said, "I'm sorry I spoke. I never knew."

He was a Christian but nobody knew. He lacked the marks.

But a soldier, once he dons the uniform, is at once known.

More than that, a uniform is like a flag. It represents the empire. Each nation has its own flag and its own uniform, and wherever its soldiers go, they carry, so to speak, their country with them.

If they are bad, they dishonor their flag and bring disgrace on their colours and the uniform.

One of the greatest motives behind the making of men is the honor of the company or the regiment or the battalion or the brigade."

One company lost a trench and were heartsick with depression, and when the time came, half dead with weariness and fear and thirst, they retook it and were happy because they had done it for the honour of the company. The uniform meaned all.

A bad man or a coward not only hurts himself, but he brings disgrace on the company. Every deed of evil or cowardice comes back on the flag and the country to which the man belongs who wears its uniform.

The uniform speaks to the soldier of duty—duty made easier. The New York fire street sweepers were glad in a white uniform and they say every man felt a little bigger and better and more anxious to do better work because of the uniform.

A boy in the Trail Rangers or the Boy Scouts can't help feeling the influence of his uniform.

A mother told me about her daughter, a Girl Guide, doing something about the untidy one day when she had on the uniform. The mother said, "Oh, daughter, you did not do it with the uniform on, did you?" And it nearly broke the child's heart. She might do in plain clothes. It makes might d ol nplain clothes. It makes you a member of a league of honour, in spite of yourself. It bucks a fellow up and sort of puts him on his honour. It says, "Here, you are not your own now. You belong as you never did before to your country, and your country is counting on you." A clasp can hardly go back on that!

The uniform proclaims loyalty too.

To don the khaki meant that the boy heard the call. The B.O.S. sounded his country's need, and up he sprang because he was a loyal subject. Of course, some loyal subjects could not and did not have to join the army. But every one who could did, unless he was a shirker and a slacker.

Loyalty means doing your duty. It means ready to do your bit whether at home or on the firing-line. It does not matter which, if it is your bit.

More than that, the uniform puts responsibility on the wearer. You know how big even a boy can feel when he joins the Boys' Brigade or the Boy Scouts and gets a uniform on. It makes him feel inches taller, and his chest gets thicker, which is perfectly right. He will do things in uniform and under the spell of what it all means that before he would hardly dare believe to be possible.

The uniform is full of history, just as the flag is, and somehow when it is donned, all the great history presses on the wearer and makes a bigger man of him, if he has anything in him, and makes him able for big things. "Britain be proud of such a son!—

Deathless the fame which he has won
Only a boy—but such a one;
Standing forever by his gun;
There was his duty to be done—
And he did it."

If your dad had a boy or if you had a brother who heard the world's call, and signed up and was measured and had his muscles and heart and lungs and eyes all tested, and then in one big moment, while his dad's throat was choking, stood up erect before the officer and swore in for service; and if later that boy or brother came up home all shining in buttons, with his boots black and his gaitees neat and strong, and his belt tightening up his loins—you know just how a new passion of loyalty would surge through you.

(To be continued)

The Little Village On the Thames

The Indefinable Lure of the Ancient Capital of the Empire

Sir Ian Hamilton's eulogy of London and his assertion that the great city "catches hold of you as an octopus does a particle" conveys nothing new to the true Londoner, be he Cockney or an immigrant from Scotland, from Ireland, from Africa or anywhere in the world. The lure gets him one way or another, native born or otherwise. It grips you, it draws you, it keeps you. Once a Londoner always a Londoner, be you in Kamschatka, in Woolloomooloo, in Paardeberg or in Simla. There are no more beautiful cities, with finer streets and more sunshine, but even a November fog on the embankment has its attractions. There is only one London, and that is the one that the Americans call London (Eng.).—The London Daily Express.

A silver wire, one-twelfth of an inch in diameter, can support a weight of 128 pounds.

Genuine BAYER ASPIRIN
Say "Bayer Aspirin"
INSIST! Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for 24 years.
Safe — Accept only a Bayer package
which contains proven directions
Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets
Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists
Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

DISTEMPER
A tablespoon of Minard's in cup of molasses mixed with the bran mash will give quick relief.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Canada's Standard Smoke
BRIER
TRADE MARK
REGISTERED

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Folks who want the very best use
RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE T-3

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Bulgaria will pay $5,000,000 toward the cost of allied occupation, Premier MacDonald announced in the House of Commons.

More than 50,000,000 bushels of wheat have been shipped from the port of Vancouver since the first of the season. This constitutes a record for one elevator.

Noel Buxton, British minister of agriculture, stated in the House of Commons that conditions in connection with the epidemic of foot and mouth disease among animals were continuing to improve.

George A. McCarthy, an American sailor, was jailed at Thalerum, Greece, for wounding a Turkish subject when he accidentally dropped his pistol while on guard, according to advices to the navy department.

The disappearance of Frank Chafe, 26, of Transcona, Man., who had been missing since March, was solved when his body, hanging by the neck from a rafter, was found in an old barn near his home.

Notice has been received by the Victoria Chamber of Commerce from Ottawa that arrangements have been made with the United States postal authorities for Victoria mail to be carried on the aerial service between Victoria and Seattle.

Shipping companies have already booked 60,000 emigrants from the British Isles for passage to the United States during the coming year, according to reports which have come to United States Consus-General Robert P. Skinner.

William Marconi spoke from Poldhu, Cornwall, to Australia, an airline distance of 10,000 miles, by radio telephone according to the Daily Mail. Transmission occupied one sixteenth of a second and was acknowledged by cable.

A SPLENDID LAXATIVE FOR THE BABY

Mothers should constantly be on guard to keep baby's bowels working freely and his stomach sweet, for the troubles of the ailments from which little ones suffer are caused by derangements of the stomach and bowels. Baby's Own Tablets are a splendid laxative for the baby. They are mild but thorough; contain neither opiates nor narcotics, and are absolutely guaranteed to be safe and effective, for either the new-born baby or the growing child. By their action on the bowels and stomach they drive out constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers and make the dreaded teething period easy. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Prince Henry's New Job

Prince Henry, the third son of King George, has a new job. It carries with it the annual salary, at current exchange rates, of $43.65. His new office is Lord High Steward of Kings Lynn, a Norfolk town of 20,000 population. In the past this post has been an honorary one, but when, as it is expected will occur shortly, Prince Henry becomes a member of the peerage, he will be regarded as semi-official representative of Kings Lynn in the House of Lords. Incidentally, he will not benefit from his £10 yearly, as he has announced this will go to charity.

King baby deserves the best

FREE BABY BOOKS
Write to The Borden Co., Limited, Montreal, for two Baby Welfare Books

E 82-24

Better Outlook For Wheat Prices

Prediction That Farmers May Look For Higher Returns in Future

"Although in 1923 the Dominion reaped the most abundant harvest on record, the returns to the Canadian farmer were disappointing," said E. H. Godfrey, head of the agricultural statistics division of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa, in a paper read on his behalf before the Farmers' Club of London, Ont. The paper was a study of costs of production on the Canadian farm and conveyance of produce to English ports.

"But this disappointment," Mr. Godfrey continues, "was due largely to the general excellence of the wheat crop throughout the world, which had the effect of reducing the prices. This is a rare occurrence, and we may look for a rise in price when world conditions of wheat revert to normal."

Dealing with fresh outlets for Canadian grain, Mr. Godfrey points out that the Panama Canal is likely to have an important influence in shortening the haul from a large part of Western Canada. He also indicates that the Hudson's Bay route has received the approval of successive governments.

The United States, he adds, has apparently reached the limit of wheat production, while in Canada, where vast areas of fertile lands still await the plow, agricultural production must continue annually to increase.

Attacked by Asthma. The first fearful sensation is of suffocation, which hour by hour becomes more desperate and hopeless. To such a case the relief afforded by Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy seems nothing less than miraculous. Its help is quickly apparent and soon the dreadful attack is mastered. The asthmatic who has found out the dependability of this sterling remedy will never be without it. It is sold everywhere.

New Treatment Successful

Good Results From Vaccine For Pneumonia and Scarlet Fever

Pneumonia's toll of human lives is ordinarily more than one out of three patients. Thirty cases of pneumonia have been treated at the Bellevue Hospital in New York by the new vaccine developed by Dr. Lloyd B. Felton at Harvard, and the results, according to Dr. Russell L. Cecil of that hospital, have been highly encouraging. There was but one death out of the 30 cases, that single case being far advanced. All the rest have recovered.

The director of bacteriological research in New York's health department has handled the new vaccine. He declares that it will make the use of anti-pneumonia serum general in city and country and will give all the good effects of the old type of serum without the deleterious and dangerous action. Within reasonable limits, it is said, there is no such thing as an overdose of the new vaccine in the Felton treatment, thus making it effective and harmless in the hands of the general practitioner.

The expectation, therefore, is for a wide use of the new treatment and the saving of many lives.

To be added to the new pneumonia cure is also the new cure for scarlet fever, one of the most dreaded diseases among the young. This also is a serum, the properties of which are supposed to neutralize the disease poison in the blood. It is announced that this serum, developed by Dr. Dochez of New York, has been used, with complete success in 25 out of 26 extreme cases, in the New Haven Hospital.—From the Buffalo Express.

The Ruling Passion

Old Man Smith had a reputation for being as hard-boiled as they come. He had amassed a small fortune in a small store, with the help of every member of his family. As he lay on his deathbed he called faintly:

"Is George here?"

"Yes father."

"Is Bill here?"

"Yes, sir."

"Is Joe here?"

"Yes, father."

Sitting up in bed suddenly and vigorously, he bawled out:

"Then who in thunder is taking care of the store?"

What is claimed to be the smallest donkey in Europe, perhaps in the world, is only 28 inches high.

Minard's Liniment for Aches and Pains

In the Days of Giants

History Records Some Remarkable Cases of Men Who Attained Great Size

A Hollander, Mr. Jan van Albert, who recently arrived in England on a professional tour must hold the record for gianship, says The Toronto Globe. He is reported to be 9 feet 3½ inches high. - Machnow, a Russian, who was exhibited in London in 1905, stood 9 feet 3 inches high, and measured 2 feet from his wrist to the top of his middle finger.

The only other giant in the same class was John Middleton, born at Hale, Lancashire, in 1578. When he went to Oxford his measurements were taken in the presence of doctors, magistrates and university dignataries and vouched for by their signatures, and are to be seen with a picture of him at Brasenose College. His height was also 9 feet 3 inches, his hand from the carpus to the end of the middle finger 17 inches, and his palm 8½ inches broad. He appears to have been a real Sampson, for on his presentation to King James I. he competed with the Court wrestlers and threw them. These cases of unusual height are well authenticated.

The giants of whom records have been preserved were noted more for physical than intellectual stature. But there recently appeared in England a Memoir on "Brian Piers Lascelles" (Oxford: Basil Blackwood), familiarly known as the "Magdalen Giant." The name was something of a misnomer, for his height was only 6 feet 9½ inches in his stockings, and as he walked, about 6 feet 10 inches. Unlike most of those known to similar fame Mr. Lascelles was a man of fine and varied intellectual attainments... After graduating at Oxford he was a teacher at Harrow for many years. Luckily he was not sensitive about his height, but rather enjoyed making little sensations, such as lighting his cigarette at some apparently inaccessible gas jet. When he visited Canada with the British Association in 1884 he had to take berths in two adjoining cabins on the steamer and have the intervening partition removed. All the contributors to the Memoir speak in the highest terms of his social qualities.—Regina Post.

World's Wonder Child

This Russian Boy Has a Bass Voice And a Mustache

Russia has discovered the world's wonder child—a boy aged four years and ten months, who has the strength of a fully grown man, but the mental faculties of a child. He has a deep bass voice and a fully grown mustache and beard, writes the Moscow correspondent of The London Daily Express.

He was born at Vladivostok as a normal baby of normal parents, but after his first year began to mature at an astounding rate.

The wonder child has now been brought to Moscow, where a special assembly of doctors has been called by the Moscow Society of Physicians to examine his case. Meanwhile an operation to extract the thyroid or pineal glands in an endeavor to restore normality has been decided on.

The "subject," who stands about three feet high, toddles like a child, but has fully developed muscles.

Similar cases to that of the Russian child are by no means rare. It is on record that the brother of a Greek king was so abnormal in his development that he was doing a man's work, had married and was the father of a family when he edied at the age of seven.

A boy born in 1741 at a village near Cambridge developed so rapidly that he was acting as a farm laborer at the age of five and was as muscular by strong as the average man.

The general opinion among London doctors is that the Russian child is not likely to live to man's age.

Boys Need Leadership

The most important period of a boy's life is between the ages of twelve and eighteen. Then his ideals are acquired, his character formed. In those years every boy needs to be under the influence of the right kind of a man. He needs such a man's life to supply his ideals and such a man to become his hero. Every boy is a hero worshipper. The reason so many become criminals is that they follow the wrong leaders.—Lindsay Watchman-Warder.

Alberta Receiving Settlers

Jugo-Slavs, Czecho-Slovaks, Poles, Belgians and Hebridenes are included in recent batches of immigrant parties arriving in Alberta. All are able-bodied men, willing to work on farms until they gain knowledge and save money enough to start them on the land for themselves.

King George has a marvelous memory for faces. His Majesty has only to meet a person once and that person's features are permanently registered in his mind.

Australia Worried About Empty North

Considered Too Hot For Occupation By White Men

Australia is concerned about the empty north of the island. Some encouragement may be derived from the experience of Northern Canada, which was once regarded as too cold to be a home for the human race, just as Northern Australia is supposed to be too hot for white men. Australia needs more railways for development, and this work is obstructed by the variety of railway gauges.

No doubt this difficulty will eventually be overcome, but more population is needed for the development of the tropical region of Australia. If the policy of a white Australia is maintained, there is some hope that the advance of tropical medical science will make the region more suitable for white men.—Toronto Globe.

Colds Stopped In Ten Minutes

There is a new remedy that is very pleasant—it fills the nose, throat and lungs with a healing balsam from the pine woods, and utilizes that marvelous antiseptic of the Blue Gum Tree of Australia.

The remedy is "CATARRHOZONE"—and you can't find its equal for colds, coughs or catarrh.

Composed of medicinal pine essences—a remedy of nature, that's what CATARRHOZONE is, and you'll find it mighty quick to act and sure to stop your cold.

Don't dope your stomach with cough mixtures—use CATARRHOZONE, which is scientific and certain; it will act quickly. Two months' treatment guaranteed, costs $1.00; small (trial) size 50c. Sold by druggists everywhere. By mail from The Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

Secrets of the Earth

Old Mother Earth Has Many Secrets Which Have Yet to be Given Up

Tunnels, the end of which have not yet been discovered, have been found in Carlabad, N.M., by investigating scientists.

They saw armies of bats emerging from the holes in the hills and were surprised to find that tunnels of immeasureable depths lay behind. The bats returned in the morning after flying about in the dark night. There were simply millions of them.

Miles into the interior there were deposits of rock crystals and dazzling minerals and salt deposits that staggered the investigators with their brilliance and grandeur.

Thus the earth has yet many secrets, unexplored and undiscovered. Man has scratched the surface only. He will marvel when his spirit of adventure and research stimulate on the treasures of the future.—Regina Post.

Fish Catch of Prairies

The value of the commercial fish catch in Canada in 1923 was $1,- 020,595, compared with $908,816 in 1922. The value of production in the three prairie provinces was $1,745,975, of which amount: Manitoba accounted for $1,020,595; Saskatchewan, $286,- 643; and Alberta, $438,575. All the three provinces show an increase, the total increase being $260,583, or 17 per cent.

There are very large fresh water lakes in Western Canada that teem with excellent fish.

MRS. BUDGE SO WEAK COULD HARDLY STAND

Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health

River Desert, Que.—"I used to have a severe pain in my side. I would be unable to walk fast and could not stand for any length of time to do my ironing or washing, but I would have to lie down to get relief from the pain. I had this for about two years, then a friend told me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as she had had good results. I certainly got good results from it, too, as the last time I had a sore side was last May and I have not had it since. I am also glad of having good nursing for my baby, and I think it is your medicine that helped me in this way."—Mrs. I. V. BUDGE, River Desert, Quebec.

If you are suffering from the tortures of a displacement, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness, or a pain in the side, you should lose no time in trying Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments Peculiar to Women" will be sent you free upon request. Write for it to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Cobourg, Ontario. This book contains valuable information that every woman should know.

Agricultural Products Increase

Figures Show Increased Production in British Columbia

The agricultural production of British Columbia last year increased in value $4,000,000 over the 1922 production, according to figures compiled by the Provincial Department of Agriculture. The value of agricultural products in 1923 was $59,159,798, as against $55,322,971 in the previous twelve months.

Livestock production increased from $14,550,494 in 1922 to $15,520,028 in 1923. Poultry and eggs both show slight decrease, the value for 1923 being: Poultry, $1,989,567; eggs, $1,963,- 412. The total decrease in the two branches is $62,858.

Dairy products increased in value by over $1,250,000, being $9,234,576, as against $8,001,135 for 1922. Under this heading butter shows an increase from 3,906,415 pounds to 4,221,704 pounds, fresh milk, from 11,054,390 gallons to 12,300,070 gallons, evaporated milk, from 169,229 to 213,199 cases; ice cream from 392,363 gallons to 419,701 gallons.

The total production of fruit shows an increase in value from $4,915,604 to $6,034,976, although there is a decrease in value of both small fruits and tree fruits other than apples, which showed an increase from $2,- 951,193 to $4,242,340.

Vegetables valued at $5,853,626 show a very slight increase over the previous year. Fodder crops valued at $12,315,732 show a slight decrease. Grain crops of a value of $3,966,857 exceed those of 1922 in both value and quantity. Hops to the value of $399,922 exceed the quantity produced in 1922 by 318,303 pounds; goats milk also exceeds the quantity and value for 1922 and is valued at $96,000.

An aerial ambulance—a white-winged biplane with the Red Cross displayed on the fuselage—has been built for the Royal Air Force Medical Service. It has accommodation for two stretcher cases, 4 sitting cases, a doctor and a nurse.

Sour Stomach Risings Quickly Relieved

The wonderful comfort and relief you get from even twenty drops of Nerviline will surprise you. Take it in sweetened water; it's not unpleasant. Almost immediately you feel better. Nerviline brings up the gas caused by fermenting food, and at the same time relieves that distressed feeling in the stomach. When colic or cramps strike you at night, when sour or upset stomach overcome you, then it is that you'll find Nerviline a friend indeed. For general use in the family, for emergent ills, always keep Nerviline handy on the shelf. Get a 25c bottle to-day.

Would Refloat Sunken Palace

Italians Have Located Houses Built Nineteen Centuries Ago

Several Italian universities have memorialized Premier Mussolini, asking him to inaugurate a campaign of raise funds for the purpose of attempting to raise the two huge floating houses which the Emperor Caligula constructed on Lake Nemi, near Rome, some 19 centuries ago. In the course of the centuries numerous attempts have been made to raise these luxurious astructures, covered with gold leaf, from the bottom of the lake. In these the indolent and luxurious Caligula was wont to spend the summer nights, free from the noise and heat of Rome. The location of the floating houses beneath the lake has been determined, and it is estimated that the labor of refloating them would cost about a quarter of a million dollars.

Damage to Cables

Rum Fleets Play Havoc With Submarines Cables Off East Coast

Rum fleets anchored off the Jersey and Long Island coasts are playing havoc with submarines cables to such an extent that officials of two transAtlantic cable companies said they had protested to the Treasury Department at Washington. Another company is contemplating similar action.

Damages at the rate of several hundred thousand dollars a year, attributed to the dragging anchors of rum-running vessels riding in heavy seas, were revealed when the Western Union Telegraph Company's cable steamer, Robert C. Clowery, docked after repairing a broken cable off the Rockaway coast.

In Great Britain in 1923 only two passengers were killed in the only railroad accident that occured in that year. In twenty-three years only seventy-three passengers have been killed on British railroads.

Wise mothers who know the virtues of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

Minard's Liniment for Falling Out of Hair

Home Made Bread is good for the Kiddies

Give the children all the fresh, home-made bread they can eat. Nothing makes them thrive so well.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

The Standard of Quality for more than 50 years

Science Outdoing Nature

German Professor Claims Artificial Butterfly Wings Richer Than Original

The paint brush of nature has been outdone again by science, according to recent announcement, in which the contention is made that by artificial means the coloring of butterfly wings can be reproduced with much more effect and richness than the original themselves.

Prof. Hans Zozher, in an address before the German Chemical Society asserted that he frequently had made artificial wings which would make "any butterfly in the world turn green or black with envy."

The coloring in real butterfly wings is brought about by light reflections on the same principle which causes soap bubbles to glisten colorfully in the rays of light. Prof. Zozher explained that he used resin as the basis in his experiments.

Business Barometer

Cable dispatches that the South African diamond mines are working again after being shut down for nearly two years will be interesting to most of us only insofar as it indicates that a period of prosperity is at hand. People do not wear diamonds unless they have money to spare. The diamond mines have ever been a business barometer.—Hamilton Spectator.

Pressing Business

"I passed Ching Loo's laundry last night at 2 o'clock!"

"What was he doing up so late?"

"Shirts."

A bronze tablet will be erected in memory of the Greely Expedition to the Arctic Circle in 1884.

WANTED

SINCERE WOMEN WANTED TO handle an article of use and comfort to every woman. Sells at sight and ensures generous income to the distributor. Box 426, Toronto.

MONEY ORDERS

When ordering goods by mail send a Dominion Express Money Order.

AGENTS—GENERAL STORES

MAKE $75 A WEEK SELLING Made-to-Measure suits from English 4-Way-Stretch Cloth, at $25.00 delivered everywhere in Canada. Previous experience unnecessary. Liberal commission payable in advance. We supply finest selling outfit in Canada. Full or part time. Write for details. Pioneer Tailoring Company, 33 St. Catherine St. West, Montreal.

Cook's Regulating Compound

A safe, Reliable, regulating medicine in 3 strengths. No. 1 for ordinary cases, $1 per box. No. 2 for stronger cases, $3 per box. No. 3 for special cases, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price.

THE COOK MEDICINE CO.
Toronto (Issuers Under Royal Charter)

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3
No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for Blood & Skin Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Weaknesses.
Sold by all Druggists throughout Canada and U.S.A. Depot for Canada: LAFRANCO & Co., 2 Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C.2. Depot for U.S.A.: 30 Front St. East, Toronto. Depot for Gt. Br.: Paul Riedel Ltd., Montreal.

ZIG-ZAG Cigarette Papers
Large Double Book
160 Leaves
Finest You Can Buy
AVOID IMITATIONS
NOW 5¢

Extra Special Values

MENS

Khaki Pants	$1.85
Khaki Shirts	$1.40
Blue Stripe Overalls (With Bib)	$1.95
Light Socks, per pair	25c
Straw Hats	$2.20
Mule Shoes	$3.45
Summer Combinations	$1.10

BROADWAY DEPT. STORE
G. W. ABBOTT

J. Horne and G. Pickering left last Sunday night for Red Deer where they have been engaged in threshing.

As the Review staff will be off for the annual holiday next week there will be no paper issued.

* * *

Don't forget to look over the Empress theatre readers and see if your name appears among them.

* * *

B. J. Bott, who has been in B. C. for the last month on business returned to Redcliff last Saturday night.

* * *

Mrs. G. Lydiatt and son Walter motored to Calgary last week end.

* * *

Mrs. A. N. Collard leaves this week end for B. C. where she will spend a few months for her health.

* * *

Mrs. Gordon Stone, of Cardston, arrived in town this week to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. Grey.

* * *

Quite a number from here intend taking in the Stampede in Calgary next week.

* * *

Dr. Patterson left last Sunday for Edmonton to attend a meeting of the medical profession of the province.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. B. R. McNaught, of Hamiota, Man., who are on their way to Calgary, stopped off here a few days to visit Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Stone.

* * *

Mrs. Lusher, who has been visiting her daughter in Los Angeles for the past few months, returned home last Sunday.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. Wallef and Mrs. Wallef, Sr., spent last week on a holiday trip through the mountains. They returned home yesterday.

* * *

Mrs. P. McDermott leaves this week end for Calgary to visit her daughter Lillie who is now located there. Her son James will accompany her.

* * *

Harold Cann of Fernie, B. C., who has been spending the past two weeks in town visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Cann returned to Fernie last Sunday evening.

* * *

E. H. Sellhorn, F. Baird, S. D. Milligan and S. Brown, left last week end for Calgary to represent the Redcliff Rifle Association at the provincial meet in that city.

* * *

Good congregations are attending the revival meetings being held in the Brethren church this week. Mr. Dayboe, the evangelist, who is conducting the services, is a strong speaker and he is dealing with timely topics.

* * *

In the last issue of the U. F. A., Robt. Gardiner, M. P. for this constituency has a lengthy article dealing with the "Crow's Nest Pass Agreement" and the "Development of Vancouver Port."

* * *

At the regular meeting of the A. Y. P. A. on Monday night the sports committee reported that the tennis court was now in shape. Anyone wishing to become associate members please inform the committee and their names will be brought up at the next meeting.

* * *

Wm. Henderson, Sr., who represented Medicine Hat Presbytery at the meeting of the General Assembly in Owen Sound, returned home last Friday. Mr. Henderson reports a very successful meeting, an account of which he will give at the regular service in Gordon Memorial church next Sunday evening.

* * *

Joe Hitchen returned to town last Saturday after spending a month looking for work in different states to the South. Joe says people from here are foolish to go over the line looking for work these days. He says that every place he struck there were about three men for every position. It is estimated that in one state he visited there are 50,000 men out of work.

* * *

Mrs. Wm. Gray and family leave on tonight's train for Vancouver to join Mr. Gray who has located there. Before leaving, Mrs. Gray was the guest of a farewell gathering given by the ladies of Gordon Memorial Church, to which Mrs. Gray and the members of her family have been valued members for a number of years. Their many friends here wish the movery success in their new field.

* * *

Gordon Memorial Sunday School children were entertained to their annual picnic at Hargrave Green Medicine Hat yesterday afternoon. The children were out in full force and thoroughly enjoyed the sports and treats. Games, races, etc., were the order of the afternoon. The teachers and officers of the Sunday School wish to thank all who gave the use of their cars for the occasion and otherwise helped to make the picnic a success.

Miss Strenach, of the school staff, left this week for Vancouver where she will spend the summer holidays.

Miss Violet Leach, of Vancouver, is spending the holiday season in town the guest of Mrs. Geo. Werts.

* * *

In addition to the donations to the swimming pool already acknowledged, the committee is grateful to Messrs. A. Bryde and A. Maskell for blacksmithing and plumbing which they did gratis.

* * *

Keep in mind the big horse sale at the Rex Rose ranch on Tuesday of next week. The horses to be offered for sale are in good condition. If you are in need of horses this will be a good opportunity to get them.

WANT-ADS

FOUND—In Empress theatre after dance last Thursday, a brooch with a man's picture in it. Owner can get same at this office by paying for adv.

SELLING—Duroc-Jerseys, choice young pigs, May litters, priced to sell at six weeks. JAMES QUINN, Bowell. 1p

LOST—An oak leaf off dining room extension table. Finder please leave same at Review office and get reward. 1p

FOR SALE—Pure bred Polled Angus bull, 3 years old and in good condition. Apply to F. H. Courtnell or H. Bedner, Bowell. 27-2p

WANTED TO BUY—A small tent, about 10x12. Must be in good condition, also small wood or coal cook stove. Apply to Box 234, Redcliff. 1p

REDCLIFF TRAIN SERVICE

Westbound

No. 1 Leaves 10.36 P.M. Daily
No. 3 Leaves 12.40 P.M. Daily

Eastbound

No. 2 Leaves 7.35 A.M. Daily "F"
No. 4 Leaves 8.35 P.M. Daily "F"—Flag Stop.

One Cent Sale

One Pound of Chocolates for 1c

For every pound of chocolates you buy in our store we will give you an extra pound for one cent.

This Sale is only Good for Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday

Get Yours While the Getting is Good.

E. DONAIS

—TRY—
GUST'S FAMOUS FRESH ROASTED COFFEE

High grade, rich flavored Coffees, properly blended and roasted fresh, daily, on our own premises in our own roaster.

Verybest Blend lb	60c
B. Blend, lb	50c
Santos, lb	40c

—NATIONAL MAID BREAD

We are now the exclusive agents for the National System of Baking and solicit your patronage.

S. E. GUST
Third Street. Phone 41.

Notice to Water Users

TO WATER USERS

In future the following restriction will be placed on water use for garden purposes. Water may only be used for this purpose from 7 to 9 in the morning and from 5 till o'clock in the evening.

JOHN KITCHEN,
Superintendent

Auction Sale
— OF —
Unclaimed Horses

NOTICE is hereby given that, pursuant to regulations governing the removal and sale of horses, a public auction sale of unclaimed horses running on Local Improvement District No. 199 and part of Local Improvement District No. 153, under the direction of Wm. McRose and now held at his corrals in Section 8, Township 16 Range 6, west of the 4th Meridian, and in charge of Joseph Daze,

will be held on

TUESDAY, JULY 8th, 1924.

Commencing at 10 a.m.

Owners may claim horses prior to sale, by application to the official in charge, and on payment of a fee of $2.50 per head.

A complete list of the horses to be offered at this sale, has been published in the Alberta Gazette under date of June 15, copies of which may be seen in addition to the King's Printer, Edmonton, or which may be secured by postoffice or with the secretary-treasurer of the municipality or improvement district.

P. G. REID,
Acting Minister of Agriculture.

Dated at Edmonton this 19th day of June, 1924.

Churches

ST. AMBROSE CHURCH
Rev. J. F. Cox, S.T.M., Vicar.

July 6th, Third Sunday after Trinity.

11.00 a.m., Holy Communion and Sermon.

12.15 p.m., Sunday school and Bible Class.

7.30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Monday, meeting of the A. Y. P. A in the Parish Hall at 8 p.m.

Tuesday, W. A. meeting at 3p.m. and S. S. teachers meeting at 8 p.m.

Thursday, Jr. W. A. meeting in the Parish Hall at 4.15 p.m.

Friday evensong, 7.30 p.m., followed by Choir practice.

The annual parish picnic will be held on July 9th. Parents and parishioners are asked to co-operate in making it a success.

GORDON MEMORIAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Rev. T. S. Paton, B. A., Minister.

Services on Sunday, July 6th.

11.00 a.m., subject: "The Filial Relation." The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be dispensed at this service.

10.30 a.m., Meeting of Session.

2.30 p.m., Missionary Day in S. S.

7.30 p.m., Mr. W. Henderson, Sr., will give a report of the meetings of the General Assembly of our Church, which he attende din the city of Owen Sound.

Thursday, 8.00 p.m., Choir practice.

We invite you to attend Church in the cosiest building in town.

CHURCH OF THE BRETHREN.

J. Edwin Jayboe will commence a series of Revival meetings on Sunday, June 29th, and will continue till July 12th.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH

Celebration of Mass 2nd and 4th Sundays of each month at 8.30 a.m., by Rev. Father Fitzpatrick.

BOWELL SERVICES

Bowell, Lake Valley and Harvest Vale will hold a united service at Bowell, next Sunday at 3.30 p.m. Subject: "When God's Clock Strick."

Friday, July 11 at 8 p.m., Rev. Thos. Wilson, of Medicine Hat will give a lantern lecture on "Thirty Years with South Sea Island Cannibals." There are 75 slides with this lecture. During the evening there will be a musical program in which Redcliff talent will take part.

Sunday School at 2.30 p.m.

W. CHARLESWORTH.

Paint Your Lips A Bright Scarlet

By Eating Alberta Grown Climatized, Everbearing

Strawberries at 20c a Box

Call and get them from
C. H. WILLIAMS
First Street Redcliff

EMPRESS THEATRE
TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY, JULY 8 and 9

"Back to God's Country"

A James Oliver Curwood Story with NELL SHIPMAN

Here and There

A party of 50 Australian Boys will be the guests of the Exhibition at Toronto from August 30th to September 6. They are public school boys from all parts of Australia and their visit to Toronto will be made on their way home from the British Empire Exhibition.

British Columbia is now the third manufacturing province of Canada, with 2,673 manufacturing establishments, over 41,000 employees, invested capital amounting to nearly $235,000,000 and a value of products of approximately $260,000,000, according to Government statistics.

New Brunswick in 1923 produced more coal than at any other time in her history. The output for the year exceeded that of 1922 by more than 15,000 tons and amounted to 251,091 long tons. It is estimated that this industry creates a value of over $1,100,000 annually, most of which goes out in supplies and wages for the benefit of the province.

What will probably be the last big round-up of horses in the West will take place shortly in the range country south-east of Calgary, Alberta, for the purpose of clearing the range of stray horses. The horses will be gathered in one central corral, where owners may claim their animals. It is anticipated that about 10,000 animals will be secured. The Department of Agriculture is supervising the arrangements.

Unstinted praise from prominent citizens and the press of Alberta is given the Canadian Pacific Railway in connection with the Company's recently announced branch line construction program, affecting the southern portion of the province. C. R. Mitchell, member of the Provincial Legislature for Bow Valley, describes the announcement as the most important made in many years.

Ho For The Big Horse Sale

Jitney will leave Donais' Ice Cream Parlor about 8:30 next Tuesday morning, July 8th, for the Sale of horses to be held at Rex Rose ranch on that day. Any wishing to attend this Sale should book orders early.

Chas. Chapman

Why do we yawn?

—because, when tired, bored or sleepy, we do not breathe deeply enough to give the blood sufficient air. Hence the brain orders a deep breath. The use of

Puretest Aspirin Tablets

means quick relief from many sleep-killing pains.

Absolutely true aspirin, tablets so skilfully made that their beneficial action begins in 15 seconds. Snow-white, highest purity, never irritate or harm.

One of 200 Puretest preparations for health and hygiene. Every item the best that skill and conscience can produce.

C. T. HALL
The Rexall Drug Store

JULY CLEARANCE SALE

Everything in the Store is on Sale

A Few of The Bargains

Ladies' Canvas Shoes	$1.50
Child's Canvas Shoes, Special	95c
25 Pairs Men's Canvas Shoes	$1.65

Children's Hats at Half Price

Men's Genuine Aorsehide Gloves	$1.00
Boys' Bathing Suits with Skirt	85c
Men's Bathing Suits with Skirt	$1.25

Work Shoes, Shirts and Underwear At Bargain Prices

THE HICKS TRADING CO.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Special Rates To Calgary Exhibition

July 7th to July 12th

GOING DATES—July 5th to July 12th
July 12th for trains arriving in Calgary before 2.00 P. M.

RETURN LIMIT— July 14th, 1924.

INFORMATION and TICKETS from

A. R. BALLANTYNE,
Ticket Agent, Redcliff

EMPRESS THEATRE
FRIDAY and SATURDAY, JULY 4 and 5

Another ALL-CANADIAN PICTURE
Successor to "THE MAN FROM GLENGARRY"
From the Story by RALPH CONNOR

GET YOUR
PICNIC BILLS
AT THE REVIEW OFFICE